FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

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THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVIII.—NO. 118. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 8, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,953

Fort Almanac—August 8.

Sun Rises	5.13 A M
Sun Sets	6.58 P M
Day's Length	13 h 46 m
High Water at Southport	6.59 A M
High Water at Wilmington	8.46 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE.
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 8.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 78°. 8 p. m., 81°; maximum, 91°; minimum, 78°; mean, 83°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month up to date, 1.19.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Fair, warm weather is reported from the cotton belt, a light shower only being noted at Vicksburg.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina: Fair; southerly winds.

The barometer fell slowly in New England and in the Middle Atlantic States. The indications are that fair and continued warm weather will prevail in districts on the Atlantic Coast Saturday.

OUTLINES.

W. L. Chamberlain, a crank, entered the Jacksonville, Fla., Savings Bank yesterday and tried to rob the teller of five thousand dollars, who shot him. ——The steamship Laurada sailed again from Wilmington, Del., with men and arms on a filibustering expedition. ——Fusion in Georgia—a Populist-Prohibition candidate for Governor nominated; will fuse with the Democrats on the electoral ticket if Sewall is withdrawn. ——Gold conference—none of the big leaders of the Democratic gold wing present; call for a convention issued to meet at Indianapolis September 2d. —— Business outlook—the Chicago collapse affects monetary conditios; a favorable feature in the increase of exports and derease of imports; labor more disturbed than usual; the volume of trade is smaller than last year. —— Senator Hill will not preside at the Bryan-Sewall notification meeting in New York. ——Texas Populists—a sensation in the State Convention caused by messages proposed to be sent to Populistic gatherings in other States. —— The president and ex-president of the German-American Bank, at Charleston, S. C., were arrested yesterday; they owed the bank large sums of money, having overdrawn their accounts. —— Affairs in Cuba—the embargo on leaf tobacco; Spaniards report engagements with insurgent forces. ——Bryan campaigning—he is greeted with enthusiasm everywhere; a ten-minutes' speech to a large audience at Des Moines, Iowa. —— New York markets: Money on call was firm at 3@7 per cent; last loan at 5, and closing offered at 5 per cent; cotton quoted dull; middling gulf 8¾c; middling uplands 8¾c; Southern flour was dull and easy; common to fair extra $3 00@3 60; good to choice $3 60@3 90; wheat—spot dull and firmer; corn—spot fairly active and firmer; No. 2 30¼c. at elevator and 31¼c. afloat; spirits turpentine dull but steady at 24@24¼c; rosin wdull but steady strained common to good $1.60.

This is not a campaign of the masses against wealth. It is a campaign of wealth against the masses.

A New Jersey band played Ben Bolt the other day and killed a horse. The poor horse tried to bolt, but was paralyzed and dropped dead.

Mr. Kolb disputes Mr. Johnson's election in Alabama. As a disputer Mr. Kolb achieved celebrity several years ago. He rather likes it.

The State of Mississippi manages her 990 penitentiary convicts pretty well. They not only supported themselves last year but netted $60,000 for the State.

The outlook for flush times in Delaware is pretty good. Mr. Addicks announces through his strikers that he is going to carry some of the counties there, no matter how much money it may cost.

Japan isn't, from all accounts, a very bad country to live in, for living is very cheap, and it is a tip top country to die in when a fellow can have a nice, respectable funeral for about a dollar.

The apartments which Dr. Jameson, the Transvaal raider, occupies in prison are fitted up in gorgeous style. According to all accounts, he is having a better time there than he had in Africa, although the range is not quite so wide.

The "sound money" Democrats of Rhode Island, would like to have the tariff removed from McKinley before they swallow him. But without the tariff there wouldn't be enough in McKinley to make a swallow.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

The La Crosse, Wis., *Republican* quotes the *National Review*, a British periodical, as follows: "We are convinced that before long the British Government will be compelled to face a demand for a general conference to discuss the great international question of bimetallism." The sooner this Government leads the way and decides that question for itself the sooner old Brit will be compelled to hump herself and try to arrange for that conference.

The Asheville *Citizen* quotes Mr. Patterson, one of the Republican lights of that town, as saying that "Judge Russell is opposed to joint discussions." Under present conditions this is a proof of Judge Russell's sagacity. If we were in his shoes we wouldn't tackle Watson in a joint discussion, either. Besides, this is perspiring weather.

A Republican contemporary rises to remark that "the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1 means poor bread without butter for tens of thousands of wage earners in this country." The way things have been running for some time there are thousands of wage-earners who get neither bread nor butter, except what comes in the way of charity.

Mr. Goodwyn, the defeated fusion candidate for Governor of Alabama, says the Populists will get even by dropping Bryan and putting up a straight Populist ticket for President and Vice President. As there is no show for electing such a ticket, this looks like a case of biting their nose to spite their face.

A Republican contemporary informs its readers that "Senator Pritchard has always been an ardent silver man, but he is likewise an ardent Republican." The ardency of his Republicanism is so intense that compared with it his ardency for silver becomes a chunk of ice.

Senator Jones is still denying that interview. The moral of this is that chairmen of party committees should be very careful how they talk and to whom. He is a lucky one who can talk much without saying something that can't be distorted into an ugly shape.

Mr. Bryan has made no pledges, with the exception of the pledge to carry out in good faith in as far as the opportunity may present, the pledges in the Democratic national platform.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAS D NUTT—One reason.
STR WILMINGTON—Schedule.
E P C A—Stockholders' meeting.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Primarily to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mrs. W. C. Craft is quite sick at her residence on Princess street.

— Mr. Nash E. Bunting returned yesterday from Washington, D. C.

— Messrs. R. P. Alston, Halifax; Z. P. Conders, Greensboro; H. S. Crist, Salem; F. W. M. Clement, Winston; Thomas Wilson, Salem; B. C. Thompson, Goldsboro; J. Q Adams, Wadesboro; B. H. Ruckner, Florence; W. H. Butters, Hub; M. L. Ham, Moiven; Jas. W. Irvine, Greensboro; R. L. Dove, Concord, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—19 casks spirits turpentine, 106 bbls rosin, 28 bbls tar, 17 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—69 casks spirits turpentine, 82 bbls rosin, 3 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—29 casks spirits turpentine, 6 bbls tar.

Wilmington, Newbern & Norfolk R. R.—3 bales cotton, 2 bbls rosin, 1 bbl crude turpentine.

Steamer Lisbon—11 casks spirits turpentine, 110 bbls rosin, 12 bbls tar.

Schooner Samuel—24 casks spirits turpentine, 104 bbls rosin.

Total receipts—Cotton, 3 bales; spirits turpentine, 159 casks; rosin, 404 bbls; tar, 44 bbls; crude turpentine, 18 bbls.

All Populists of New Hanover county who are dissatisfied with the action of the Populist County Convention held in the court house on August 1st are invited to meet in convention at the court house on Monday next, 12 m., for the purpose of electing delegates to represent the Populists of this county in the State Convention to be held in Raleigh on the 18th inst.

Respectfully,
WRIGHT HALL.

New York World One Cent.

The New York daily *World* will be supplied by us at one cent each. C. M. HARRIS, News Dealer.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The excursionists from Mount Airy left on their return home yesterday evening at 7 o'clock.

— Next Tuesday there will be an excursion from Ramseur to Wilmington, over the C. F. & Y. V. railroad.

— The M. E. Church Sunday School of Fayetteville will run an excursion to Wilmington next Thursday.

— Alice Sampson, colored, was sentenced yesterday in the City Court to pay a fine of $20 or be imprisoned thirty days for disorderly conduct.

— An adjourned meeting of the stockholders of the Eastern Piscatorial Association will be held August 20th at 12 o'clock noon in the office of Mr. J. D. Bellamy, Jr.

— The water in the upper Cape Fear river is at a low stage. The steamer *D. Murchison*, due here yesterday morning, had not arrived up to a late hour last night.

—The C. F. & Y. V. R. R. will sell round trip tickets to Carthage, on account of A. M. E. Zion Church Centennial, August 8-16. Rate from Wilmington, $6.60.

— The Atlantic Coast Line will sell round trip tickets to Washington and Baltimore on August 10th and 11th, limited to twelve days from date of sale, at very low rates.

— The Atlantic Coast Line will sell round trip tickets to Washington and Baltimore on August 10th and 11th, limited to twelve days from date of sale at very low rates.

— Dr. Wright Hall don't like the Rep.-Pop. combination in New Hanover county, and with other People's party men wants another convention to select delegates to the State Convention.

— The Charlotte *News* says there has been a decided change in the cotton crop prospect in that section of the State. The bolls are dropping off and unless there is rain soon the crop will be short.

Funeral of the Late John L. Wescott at Southport.

The funeral of the late John L. Wescott, of Southport, last Thursday was attended by a large number of citizens of Brunswick county. The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Ballard, pastor of the Baptist church, assisted by Rev. Mr. Anderson of the Methodist church and Rev. Mr. Furgerson. The interment was in the Southport Cemetery. The floral offerings were very pretty. It was one of the largest funerals ever held in Southport. The pall bearers were (honorary and active) Capt. C. C. Morse, Messrs Jno. R. Newton, Robt. S. Newton, W. A. Moore, J. F. Lowrimore, Wm. Weeks, T. G. Burriss, Owen Price, Jacob Lewis, E. J. Piver, Wm. Davis and Warren Mintz.

The members of the family of this city who attended the funeral returned yesterday accompanied by Mrs. J. L. Wescott, who will reside here with her son, Mr. R. M. Wescott.

CAROLINA YACHT CLUB.

Canoe Race This Afternoon For Prizes—The Entries.

The third race of the season of the Carolina Canoe Club will take place this afternoon at 3 o'clock over the course of the Carolina Yacht Club in the banks channel at Wrightsville Beach. The club have offered two handsome prizes for the winners of the race. The first prize, a handsome silver sugar spoon with gold bowl; the second, a gold watch chain. The entries are as follows:

Dolphin—J. D. Latham.
White Chief—R. Bradley.
Mic-Mac—R. N. Sweet.
Little Bob—E. A. Metts.
Reckless—Platt Davis.
Surprise—J. R. Giles.

All boats are requested to report at 2 30 p. m. for measurement.

Wilmington Wins the Ball Game Played at Newbern.

The Red Men's excursion left yesterday morning for Newbern, with about one hundred and fifty excursionists. After spending a delightful day they returned last night.

The Wilmington base ball team, which accompanied the Red Men, played a game in the afternoon with the Newbern club, which resulted in a score of 6 to 3 in favor of Wilmington. Watson pitched for the Wilmington team and put up a fine game.

August Eclipses.

August will be remarkable for its astronomical phenomena. Two eclipses are to occur—one a solar eclipse; the other lunar. The former takes place to-morrow, and will be total, but will not be visible in this latitude. The eclipse of the moon will be partial, August 22-23, and if the night is clear, can be seen here.

First Baptist Church.

Rev. W. B. Oliver in a postal to the STAR from Mount Olive says:

"I request all members of the Choral choir and orchestra to meet me at the First Baptist church Saturday evening, 8.30 sharp. I expect to occupy my pulpit at both services on Sunday."

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our 'Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

New Crop Cotton.

The first sale of cotton of the crop of 1896-7 arrived here yesterday by train on the C. F. & Y. V. railroad. It was shipped from Clio, S. C., by E. Sternberger to Messrs. Alex. Sprunt & Son.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Special Meeting Held to Consider Permission Granted the Carolina Central to Build a New Bridge Over the Cut on Fourth Street.

The Board of Aldermen met in special session at 12 o'clock m. Present Mayor Harriss, Aldermen Northrop, VonGlahn, Cameron, Meares, Nixon and Walker.

After the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting, Mayor Harriss stated that the object of the meeting was in regard to the tearing down of the bridge of the Carolina Central Railroad over the cut near Hilton, on Fourth street; permission granted the railroad company to build a new bridge and to raise the grade of the same.

Alderman Northrop asked if, while the new bridge was being built, would it obstruct the street?

Alderman Meares replied that it would, for about two or three days; that a new bridge had to be built or passageway over the old one stopped, as it was unsafe.

Protests were read from the Hilton Lumber Company and from the Peregoy Jenkins Lumber Company, in which they stated that the raising of the bridge was solely a convenience for the C. C. R. R.; that the bridge is now on a level with the street, and if the road wanted to do anything, why don't they lower their track.

Protest was read from Mr. W. L. Parsley, in which he stated that he owned property on both sides of the bridge which would be injured.

A communication was read from Messrs Willard & Giles, insurance agents, in which they informed the lumber company that the tearing down of the old bridge, thereby making a delay of passage, would result in a higher rate of insurance, and that some of the companies would probably cancel their insurance policies, as the fire engines would be unable to get across the cut while the bridge was down.

Another communication was read from the Hilton Lumber Company, in which they stated that they would hold the city responsible for all damage to their property.

Alderman Springer said he understood that the fire engines could not now cross the bridge.

Alderman Von Glahn said the engines could not cross the bridge in its present condition.

Mr. M F. Gouverneur, superintendent of the Street Railway Company, who was present, stated that he thought the bridge could be repaired; that they had some theatrical performances to be given at Hilton Park next week, and if the passage over the bridge was going to be stopped, they would hold somebody responsible for their lots.

Mr. W. L. Parsley (who was also present) said that the C. C. R. R. ought to be compelled to keep the road in good condition.

Alderman Meares said the bridge master of the road said that he would have to put in larger timbers to repair it, which would necessitate obstructing passage for a few days.

Alderman Northrop said if the raising of the bridge was going to injure any one's property, he would make a motion to rescind the permission granted the company.

Alderman Meares said that the elevation will be so slight that it will hardly be perceptible; that there was no established street grade.

Mr. Parsley said the bridge covered twenty feet of his land on both sides of the cut.

Alderman Meares said that raising the track fifteen inches on each side and thirty inches in the middle was a matter of human life with the road, as their brakemen's lives were endangered by the present height of the bridge.

In response to a question, Alderman Meares said there was a great difference in vehicles going over a high grade and locomotives going down grade.

It was then stated that in the Carolina Central Railroad's petition they stated that they would assume all responsibility.

Mr. Parsley said it was a hard matter to get damages out of corporations.

Alderman Meares said the road would agree to fill in Mr. Parsley's lots if they damaged them any. Mr. Parsley responded that he would pay for the brakemen killed.

Mr. A. F. Aydlett, bridge builder of the road, who was present, stated that the established height of their bridges was twenty-one feet six inches. The bridge was one hundred and twenty feet long, and the grading would be about three feet, or thirty inches to one hundred feet.

Alderman Cameron said that the road could put in drainage pipes to carry off the water.

Alderman Springer said that the petition had been granted, and there would have to be a motion to rescind it before they could act.

Mr. Gouverneur said he would like to know if Mr. Parsley would stop the erection of a new bridge by legal process, and Mr. Parsley replied that he didn't know.

On motion of Alderman Springer, the Carolina Central Railroad Company was required to furnish a guarantee that the city will not be responsible for damage incurred by the raising and erection of a new bridge.

A communication was read from the Board of Audit and Finance, in regard to the bill of E. H. Freeman, against the city for shells. The communication stated that while the mayor approved the bill, Mr. L. H. Bryant, superintendent of streets, did not approve it, saying that the shells were not of good quality.

Mayor Harriss stated that he had examined the shells and found them all right.

On motion of Alderman Meares, the bill was ordered returned, with the statement that the Mayor was the proper person to approve the bill, and that he had approved it; and that he also stated that he had made a personal inspection of the shells and found them all right.

At 1.40 p. m. the Board adjourned.

DO YOU TAKE IT?

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that is opposed to the single gold standard, that favors the free coinage of silver on an exact equality with gold, and that does not hesitate to speak its sentiments openly and fearlessly? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

If you will invest $1 25 in a trial subscription of three months you will have ample opportunity to form a fair judgment of the merits of THE MORNING STAR.

GRAND ENCAMPMENT

Of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Newbern North Carolina.

(*From the Newbern Journal.*)

The 49th annual session of the Grand Encampment of the I. O. O. F. was called to order at 8.30 p. m. Wednesday, August 5, 1896, by Grand High Priest Wesley Williams, in the absence of the Grand Patriarch, with the following Grand Officers in attendance: Ed. Gerock, Grand High Priest, pro tem; B. C. Gorman, Grand Senior Warden; W. H. Cohen, Grand Junior Warden, pro tem; Geo. L. Tonnoffski, Grand Scribe; T. W. Blake, Grand Treasurer; J. C. Bessent, Grand Marshal; G. F. Duke, Grand Inside Sentinel, and W. A. Allison, Grand Outside Sentinel.

The encampments of the State were all represented. After the reports of the Grand Officers were read and referred the Grand Encampment adjourned until 9 a. m. Thursday morning.

After the adjournment Wednesday night the Calumet Encampment conferred the Patriarchal Degree on two candidates.

The Grand Encampment met pursuant to adjournment Thursday morning and the following officers were elected.

Grand Patriarch—Wesley Williams, of Elizabeth City.

Grand High Priest—B. C. Gorham, of Fayetteville.

Grand Senior Warden—P. A. Cummings, of Asheville.

Grand Junior Warden—J. C. Bessant, of Winston.

Grand Scribe—B. T. Jacobs, of Wilmington.

Grand Treasurer—T. W. Blake, of Raleigh.

Grand Representative—P. H. Pelletier, of Newbern.

The Golden Rule degree was conferred last night.

The city of Durham was selected for the next place of meeting.

The newly elected officers will be installed at 9 a. m. this morning.

The Royal Purple degree was conferred last night.

The Grand Encampment will formally adjourn this morning.

The Calumet Encampment of this city are entertaining the Grand Encampment, No. 4, and will this morning give them a complimentary sail down Neuse river on the steamer Neuse. The boat will leave the wharf at the foot of Craven street at 12 o'clock.

On account of the very warm weather there will be no parade, as was at first intended, by Canton Clermont, but they will escort the Grand Encampment down to the boat in fatigue uniform.

Among the visiting Odd Fellows are Messrs. M. W. Jacobi, Wilmington; J. R. Williams, Fayetteville; H. O. Hill, Elizabeth City; W. H. Weatherspy, W. S. White, E. F. Sawyer, H. T. Aydlett, Elizabeth City; W. A Doxey, Poplar Branch; E. D. Bowden, Knott's Island, B. C. Gorham, C. B. Bennett, Fayetteville; W. A. Allison, Asheville; F. M. Sharp, Durham; H. H. Cartland, Greensboro; R. P. Clingman, Winston; Geo. L. Tonnoffski, W. E. Faison, Raleigh; F. G. Duke, Charlotte; W. J. Pugh, Clinton; L. L. Boone, Wilmington; R. A. Watson, Tarboro.

Eighth Senatorial District.

The Democratic Senatorial Convention met yesterday in Newbern, with Col. S. B. Taylor, of Catherine Lake, chairman, and Mr. Wm. L. Rendell, of Morehead City, secretary.

The convention nominated by acclamation, Messrs. D. L. Ward, of Newbern, and Frank Thompson, of Jacksonville.

Mr. James A. Bryan, chairman of the Executive Committee, upon calling the convention to order made a ringing speech on free silver. Fine speeches were made also by Mr. D. L. Ward and Hon. F. M. Simmons. The meeting was quite an enthusiastic one, and everybody is well pleased at the nomination.

DR. ALDERMAN NOW.

The University of the South Honors the President of the University of North Carolina.

The University of the South, at Sewanee, Tenn., has conferred its highest honorary degree, that of D. C. L. (Doctor of Civil Law) upon Mr. Edwin A. Alderman, president of the University of North Carolina. This is not merely in recognition of Mr. Alderman's character and attainments, but also an expression of interest in the prosperity of the institution which was the alma mater of Bishops Polk, Otey and Green, the most distinguished founders of the University of the South.

CY WATSON IN RALEIGH.

En Route to Goldsboro, Where He Will Speak To-day—Wants a Joint Canvass With Russell.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 7.—Cy Watson is here to-day, en route to Goldsboro, where he speaks to-morrow. Says he is awaiting a reply from Chm'n Holton in regard to a joint canvass with Judge Russell. An open challenge will likely be made to Russell for a joint canvass.

Hal. Ayer says the Populist candidate for Governor will challenge both Democratic and Republican candidates.

The Churches.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. R. A. Willis, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a m and 8.15 p.m. Experience meeting at 10 a m in the lecture room. Sunday school at 4.30 p m. Weekly prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.15 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend the services.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunningham, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 8.15 p m. by the pastor. Class meeting will be held at 3.30 p m. Sunday School at 4 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex. D. McClure, pastor. Sabbath services at 11 a. m. and 8 15 p m. Sabbath School at 4 p m. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday at 8.15 p m. The public cordially invited. Seats free.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. J. B. Harrell, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School at 2 30 p m. Weekly Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 8.00.

Chapel of the Good Shepard, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 8 p m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Stockholder's Meeting

AN ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the "Eastern Carolina Piscatorial Association" will be held at the office of J. D. Bellamy, Jr., in the City of Wilmington, August 20th, at 12 o'clock M., to complete the labor and duties of the annual meeting held August 4th, 1896.

F. H. STEDMAN,
aug 8 till sa we Sec'y and Treasurer.

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, WILMINGTON, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent, Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. sep 15 tf

For Sale,

A LOT CONTAINING TWO DWELLINGS and Store, corner Market and Ninth streets. For particulars address

J. A. MONTGOMERY,
aug 6 1w* Wilmington, N. C.

Combination Bicycle

FOR SALE.

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at
ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

One Reason

Why we are doing a big prescription business is because we are "fixed" for it. It's to our interests to be fixed for it and yours too—and you are finding it out. We have told you before that we wanted you to visit us and see for yourself how well fixed we are for filling prescriptions—you did so and went away pleased. If we can't fill your prescription exactly as your physician directs we will hand it back to you. We will not substitute, we give you honest drugs at honest prices. We hope to be still better fixed as time rolls on. We don't stand still. Try us.

JAS. D. NUTT,
aug 8 tf He puts up Prescriptions.

20 Per Cent. Discount

FOR CASH ONLY

on all Ladies' and Gentlemen's

TAN.

Lace, Button Shoes and Oxfords.

No Old Stock,

But New Goods

that must be sold to make room for our Fall stock.

Canvass Leggins at 75c.

Light weight Jersey Leggins, Black and Tan, at $1.00.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
jy 7 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

Jute Bagging,

Arrow Ties,

Cheese, Crackers, Cakes, Salmon, Sardines, Oysters.

Full and complete stock of

HEAVY AND FANCY GROCERIES.

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Don't fail to see us before buying.

WORTH & WORTH.
aug 6 tf

MAXTON BUILDING

—AND—

LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton.
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
J. H. Kinsey, Maxton.
G. B. Sellers, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.
je 8 1m

SUMMER RESORTS.

SPARKLING

CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for

Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo, Spinal Affections, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney Affections, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia, Debility and Skin Diseases.

Hotel refitted and in good order. Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son,

Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C.
je 11 tf

Hotel Townsend,

RED SPRINGS, N. C.

THIS FAMOUS RESORT IS AT ALL TIMES open for the reception of guests.

The Mineral Springs,

Ten in number and all of different analyses, and are unsurpassed for medicinal virtues. No watering place on the Atlantic coast

Offers Superior Advantages

to those seeking rest and health. The large number of persons who have been

RESTORED TO HEALTH

attest the virtues of the Mineral Water at this famous resort.

For particulars address

HOTEL TOWNSEND,
my 21 tf Red Springs, N. C.

SWEET CHALYBEATE SPRINGS,

Alleghany County, Va.

THESE CHARMING SPRINGS

are situated in a lovely valley, ensconced in the

BACKBONE OF THE ALLEGHANIES, at an elevation of 3,000 feet, in the midst of the "Springs Region" of Virginia, and only nine miles from Alleghany Station—the highest point on the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway. Beef and mutton supplied from the finest blue grass sod. Vegetables in abundance, grown in the garden of the noted property. RATES MODERATE.

For further particulars, write

B. F. BAKLE, Jr.,
je 16 tf Manager.

Rockbridge Alum Springs, Va.,

OPEN JUNE 1, 1896. ELEVATION 2,000 feet. No fogs or mosquitoes. Accommodations for over 1,000 guests. Rates reduced 50 per cent. Extensive improvements made this year will add greatly to the pleasure and comfort of visitors.

Send for handsomely illustrated catalogue.

JAMES A. FRAZIER,
my 29 tf Managing Receiver.

HOTEL BEDFORD,

BEDFORD CITY, Va., at the famous Peaks of Otter; summer, health and pleasure resort; most beautiful and pleasant place in the mountains of Virginia; MAGNIFICENT AND ELEGANTLY EQUIPPED HOTEL; lowest rates this year ever offered; write for booklet. Address

HOTEL BEDFORD,
je 17 tf Bedford City, Va.

JUST IN

A car load heavy feed Oats, in lots to suit.

Wheat, Bran, Peas, Corn, Hay &c.

We carry a heavy stock of

Snuffs and Tobaccos,

and offer all the discounts and advantages allowed by the manufacturers. Get our prices before placing orders for

GROCERIES, RAGGING AND TIES.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.
jy 14 naw tf

NOTICE.

HAVING PURCHASED THE OTHER HALF of the entire Wholesale and Retail Boot and Shoe business, known as Mercer & Evans, successors to H. C. Evans, at 115 Princess street, which includes the entire interest in said business of the late H. C. Evans, such as half of stock of Boots and Shoes, books and book accounts due and to coming due, good will, &c., and at the same time assuming all the liabilities pertaining to said firm, the undersigned will continue the business under the firm name of Mercer & Evans, at the same old stand.

Respectfully,
J. B. MERCER.

To those whose accounts are due we would respectfully say. Please pay at once. It is necessary. To those whose accounts will be due we would respectfully say: Please pay promptly when due. It is necessary. To those who have been dealing with us we would in gratitude say: Thank you, with the hope that you and we have been mutually benefitted, and that you will continue to wear our Shoes. It is necessary. To those who have dealt with us and feel like they did not get full value for what they paid, we would say kindly let us know it, that we may have the chance to set the matter right. It is necessary. To those who have never dealt with us we would earnestly say: When in need of Shoes give us a trial. It is necessary. To all we extend a most cordial invitation to wear our Shoes. It is necessary.

Respectfully,
MERCER & EVANS,
Successors to H. C. Evans.
Wilmington, N. C., July 7, 1896. y 8 tf

For Rent,

A DESIRABLE STORE,

313 North Front Street, between Mulberry and Walnut. Size, 16 by 50.

Possession given at once. Apply

Sam'l Bear, Sr.,
jy 26 tf 12 Market Street.

jy 18 4t

At The Unlucky Corner.

S. W. SANDERS.

The price is down also. 12½c a Can.

This ad about 3-lb. Pears is upside down.

PEARS.

3-lb. Can Pears, 3-lb Can Pears, PEARS, PEARS, PEARS, PEARS, PEARS.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

REDUCED TO $5.00.

BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

School Books,

School Books.

State Headquarters for

School Books,

adopted by the counties of North Carolina.

We are the largest dealers in

Books and Stationery

IN THE STATE.

Send your orders to us and save FREIGHT and CASING.

Liberal Discounts.

Prompt attention.

C. W. Yates & Co.,

jy 17 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Why Not

Take a free ride on the Street Cars to our Store during these hot days. We pay your car fare on all purchases of $3.00 and upwards.

Bargains in Every Department.

$1.50 and $2.00 Shirt Waists. Your choice 50 cents.

12½ and 15c Dimities and Figures 7c.
White Lawn 5, 8 and 10c.
35c White Lawn 19c.
Mason's Fruit Jars—quarts 69c; two quarts 89c dozen.
Best Toilet Paper 5c package.
200 yards Spool Cotton 1c Spool.
$1.25 and $1.50 Slippers.

69 Cents

Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits and Pants,

1-4 Off the Price.

Beautiful Crayon Portrait given away when purchases amount to $10.00. Ask for Punch Cards.

J. H. Rehder & Co.,

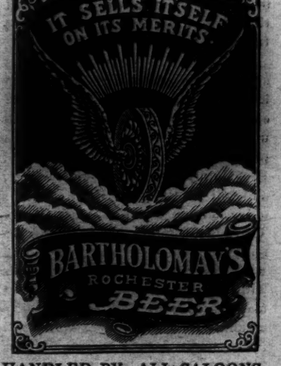
Next Fourth Street Bridge.
'Phone 118. aug 9 tf

THE CELEBRATED

Bartholomay Brew. Co.,

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Best Beer In the World.



HANDLED BY ALL SALOONS.

Outside the city solicited.

F. RICHTER, Agent

For Export and Draught.
my 13 tf

SOUTHPORT AND CAROLINA BEACH

SCHEDULE.

STEAMER WILMINGTON.

	For South port.	For Carolina Beach.			
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
MONDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	.....	5 15
TUESDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	.....	5 15
WEDNESDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
THURSDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
FRIDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
SATURDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
SUNDAY	.....	10 00	9 30	.....	.....

Schedule for return see Black Board at the Beach. Fare to Beach and return 25c. Fare on 5.15 to the Pier and return 15 cents.

jn 7 tf J. W. HARPER.

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 1st, trains will run the following schedule:

Leave Wilmington 6 30 a. m., 12.00 a. m. and 2.30 p. m., 5.10 p. m., 7 15 p. m.

Leave Ocean View 7 30 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 4 p. m., 6.10 p. m., 10 p. m.

On and after July 15th there will be no 12.00 p. m. freight train on the W. C. R. R. Freight will be carried at 6.30 a. m.; 10.10 a. m. and 5.10 p. m.

Sunday Train—Leave Wilmington 10 a. m., 8.30 p. m. Leave Ocean View 12 m., 9 p. m.

R. OSCAR GRANT,
jy 18 tf Superintendent.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 8, 1896.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
of Nebraska.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:
ARTHUR SEWALL,
of Maine.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

THEY WILL BE ELECTED.

FOR GOVERNOR:
CYRUS B. WATSON,
of Forsyth.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR:
THOMAS W. MASON,
of Northampton.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
CHARLES M. COOKE,
of Franklin.

FOR STATE TREASURER:
B. F. AYCOCK,
of Wayne.

FOR STATE AUDITOR:
R. M. FURMAN,
of Buncombe.

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH,
of Johnston.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
F. I. OSBORNE,
of Mecklenburg.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICES SUPREME COURT:
A. C. AVERY, of Burke,
GEO. H. BROWN, Jr., of Beaufort.

☞ "You tell us the great cities are in favor of the gold standard. Burn down your great cities and leave your farms, and your cities will grow up again. But destroy our farms and the grass will grow in every city of the Union."—From Wm. J. Bryan's speech before Democratic National Convention.

☞ "I am for McKinley, Russell and Gold," says Oscar J. Spears, one of the Republican candidates for Elector-at-Large.

☞ "I desire to meet Mr. Russell on the hustings of North Carolina. I want the people to hear us and decide between me and what I represent, and what I think he represents. With their decision I shall be content. If elected Governor of your State, I shall see that every man, no matter what his station in life or what his politics, is given every privilege granted him by the Constitution of North Carolina."—*Cyrus B. Watson, Democratic candidate for Governor.*

AN ARGUMENT FOR FREE SILVER.

In their efforts to scare the people from supporting the free coinage of silver the gold organs are furnishing some of the strongest arguments for it. They are predicting upheavals, business paralysis, panics, starvation and possible revolution as the consequence, and why? Because they tell us that all the gold in the country will be driven out or into hiding for speculative purposes, and this would cause such a contraction of the currency as will result in a universal panic and in universal business prostration, which would dwarf the panics of 1873 and 1893 into insignificance. They tell us that there are now, or were a few weeks ago, $500,000,000 of gold in this country available for use in circulation, either directly or indirectly. This is not a true statement, for there was not $500,000,000 of gold in the country, not more than half of it, for for several years our gold has been shipped abroad to be hoarded in European Government and bank vaults. How otherwise can they account for the $385,000,000 that have been withdrawn from the U. S. Treasury within the past few years?

Gold is not in circulation in this country, because the discrimination in its favor has made it a money of speculation, and hence it is locked up, and is as a matter of fact not a part of our volume of circulation. It is simply a metal for speculation, and will continue so while it is the only money of final redemption. There is a demand for it among the gold countries of the world, and while there is the gold speculators will keep their hands on it so that it may be ready for use when there is a chance for profit by its shipment.

Of course these alarmists who are trying so hard to frighten people by their loud prophecies of disaster, do not believe half what they say nor mean it, but if there were any likelihood of one-half these predictions being verified, it would be one of the strongest reasons for the abolition of the single standard and the establishment of the double standard, not only by this country, but by all the gold standard countries. The fact is, there is not gold enough to go around, and hence the leading nations of Europe are competing for it, while this country is laboring and planning in vain to keep it at home.

Are we to be kept in a constant state of alarm every time reference is made to changes in our monetary system, and this gold money held up to us as a bogie to frighten us, lest it take wings and fly away and precipitate us into bankruptcy and ruin? If this is the case, then the sooner we face the question and settle it the better, and the sooner we provide another money to take the place of that gold the better. At present and for some years past it has only served the purposes of speculators who deal in it just as speculators deal in any commodity, and who are quick to raise a howl and turn the country up side down every time there is anything said about restoring silver to the place it occupied previous to 1873, when we had no such scarecrows held up to us. This gold is not necessary to the prosperity of this country, for we could get along without it, and if it is to be held up as a constant menace, we would be much better without it than we are with it. If we were compelled to choose between a single gold standard and a single silver standard the single silver standard would be the better for us, because we would have a supply of that and it would not be the speculative metal that gold is and would stay with us which gold will not, while it is the single standard of so many European countries.

We never had any trouble in meeting our obligations and maintaining our financial integrity until John Sherman without any authority of law established his gold reserve, and until Charles Foster as Secretary of the Treasury arbitrarily adopted the rule of redeeming Government paper in gold, when he had the right, and it was his duty, under the law to redeem in either gold or silver without discrimination against either metal. If he had done that he would have preserved the bimetallism which was always, up to his ruling engaged in our monetary system, and if he had done that there would have been no trouble in maintaining the parity between the coins, which he destroyed when he decided in favor of gold as against silver.

The gold that is in the country now will take care of itself as the gold which was in the country in 1878 did, when it was predicted with quite as much confidence as similar predictions are now being made that it would fly away never to return. As these predictions failed to materialize so will the predictions they are making now, predictions which are being made simply to deter the people from voting for a change in the system which has brought untold misery to this country.

MINOR MENTION.

In commenting upon the pamphlet recently issued by the Treasury Department, the New York *Sun* says:

On the first page of the circular the provisions of the Resumption act of 1875 are briefly stated, and then the reader is told that "in pursuance of this authority" $96,000,000 in gold were placed in the Treasury as a fund for the redemption of the legal tender notes. It is true that the amount of gold was thus placed in the Treasury, but it was not in pursuance of the authority of the Resumption act, or in pursuance of any other law, but solely by the arbitrary will of Secretary Sherman. No reserve fund is mentioned in the Resumption act, and no law authorizing the creation of such fund was ever passed.

Since the present administration began bonds to the amount of $262,315,400 have been issued ostensibly for the maintenance of this gold reserve for which there is no authority in law, and which is kept up simply because John Sherman, as Secretary of the Treasury, put his own construction on the powers vested in him by the law and established this gold fund, which has made gold a subject of speculation, has added several hundreds of millions of dollars to the public debt, and put twenty or thirty millions into the vaults of the gold speculators. When the people demand fair play, that the creditors of the Government deal honestly with it, and that the Government carry out in good faith the contract entered into with the creditors, and that they demand no more of the Government, we are told that this is "repudiation," "anarchy" and all that sort of thing, and the *Sun* is one of the papers that indulge in that kind of rot. It is now supporting McKinley simply because the Chicago convention declared for honest money and insisted that Government candidates deal fairly and honestly with the Government.

* * *

Some time ago Mr. Coen, of Greensboro, an ardent gold standard man, concluded to give the silver men of his burg what he called an "object lesson," and therefore he bought a lot of Mexican dollars and paid them out to the several hundred hands he employs in the factories with which he is connected, at the rate of about 50 cents on the dollar, or two for one, so that the employes received in pay for their work two Mexican dollars instead of one dollar of the United States. Whether Mr. Armour, the meat king of Chicago, and that ready-made clothing merchant, who advertise that they will sell 50 cents worth of meat or 50 cents worth of clothes for a United States dollar, and give a Mexican dollar in change, caught the idea from Mr. Coen or not we do not know, but it isn't such a very smart thing after all, although the "object lesson" may possibly fool somebody. That the Mexican dollar doesn't pass in this country for more than fifty cents is no more an argument against free coinage than that the American silver dollar doesn't pass in England for more than fifty cents, or that the American gold coin doesn't pass for more than its bullion value. It is an "object lesson" against the demonetization of silver, which has made it a commercial instead of a money metal. If we do have free coinage in this country Mr. Coen, Mr. Armour and that ready-made clothing man will quit giving "object lessons" of this kind for then silver will be worth $1.29 an ounce and they will not feel like importing Mexican dollars for educational purposes and to play politics with.

There are some of the gold standard advocates in the South who favor State banks but say they cannot vote for Bryan and Sewall, but will vote for McKinley, because the Chicago platform declares for free silver and the St. Louis platform doesn't. If these gentlemen be really anxious for State banks we would like to have some of them to tell us how voting for McKinley and for the restoration of the Republican party to power will promote the work of securing State banks. Is Mr. McKinley in favor of State banks? Is the Republican party in favor of State banks? If so, when has either of them said anything to that effect? Wasn't it the Republican party that destroyed State banks? And wasn't it the votes of Republican Congressmen, principally, that defeated the repeal of the bank tax every time the effort was made in Congress to repeal it? The man who wants State banks and expects to get them by voting for McKinley, or by refusing to vote for Bryan and Sewall, has studied the history of the Republican party to little purpose.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The manner in which McKinley avoids it indicates that he regards the financial plank as the Dead Man's Corner of the St. Louis platform.—*New York Journal, Dem.*

—— Matthew Marshall, financial editor of the New York *Sun*, and a gold bug, thinks it highly probable that Bryan and Sewall will carry New York city and State. When Mr. Dana reads that he will send for Carl Schurz and, with mournful accompaniment, sing: "The Heart Bowed Down." Office cats will join in the song of woe.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— Senator Gordon is a consistent Democratic party man. After the interview with him which was published in our dispatches yesterday, there should be no more talk of running him upon a second Democratic ticket. He knows to well that the success of the Republican party would be likely to cost the South to aid the defeat of the regular Democratic ticket in any manner. *Savannah News (gold) Dem.*

—— It is useless for the Republicans to attempt to pose as sound moneyites in the National Convention soon to be held in Indianapolis, and try thus to have no bolters except Democratic bolters. Yet this is just what the Republican party in disguise is seeking to do. The hard money Democratic convention, which is soon to meet as above, will be, we repeat, a Republican convention, or perhaps we should say a Republican convention posing as a convention of Democrats. McKinley hopes to hold all his forces in hand, and at the same time to draw upon the Democrats for recruits.—*Richmond Dispatch, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— Timely Wit—I don't want the wheel. It is too heavy.

Say, Ill throw in a lamp. That'll make it lighter.—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— Housewife—"Are you afraid of work?"

Slumbering Sam—"No, marm, not in the least. I have slept soundly by the side uv it fer hours."—*Wash. Times.*

— "Stimpson doesn't cut his grass as often as he did last summer."

"No, both of his next door neighbors have gone away and left their lawn mowers locked up."—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— "What kind of a tie do you admire most?" he asked as he made his regular call.

"The marriage tie," she answered, truthfully and without hesitation.—*Detroit Free Press.*

— "There's no gout in Sir Percy's family, is there?"

"Not now; there was, formerly. It was introduced into the family by Sir Roland Highliver, but they have been so poor for the last two hundred years that they couldn't keep it up."—*Puck.*

— Miss Kissam—"You seem depressed to-night, Mr. Dexter."

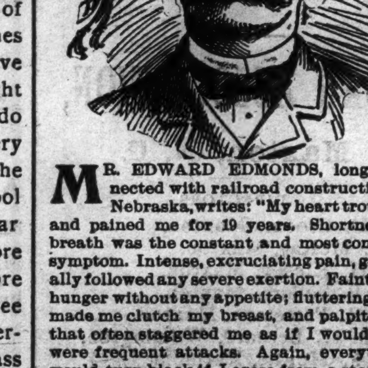
Mr. Dexter—"Yes; I am. I went to a fortune teller to-day to find out my fate, and was told that the girl I loved would not marry me."

Miss Kissam—"But, Mr. Dexter, no fortune teller is authorized to speak for me."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Durham *Sun*: News reached here to-day of the rather sudden and unexpected death of an estimable lady of Chapel Hill—Mrs. Headen, wife of Dr. W. E. Headen, a practicing physician on the Hill. We learn that she was taken with a congestive chill Tuesday morning and died Tesday afternoon.

Full Details Gladly Given.

A Railroad Official's Experience.



MR. EDWARD EDMONDS, long connected with railroad construction in Nebraska, writes: "My heart troubled and pained me for 19 years. Shortness of breath was the constant and most common symptom. Intense, excruciating pain, generally followed any severe exertion. Faintness, hunger without any appetite; fluttering that made me clutch my breast, and palpitation that often staggered me as if I would fall, were frequent attacks. Again, everything would turn black if I arose from a stooping posture quickly. Sleepless nights with their prostrating unrest were numerous and I could get no rest day or night. I consulted leading physicians and tried advertised remedies. They gave me no relief. One of Dr. Miles' circulars described my case so exactly that I took Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and I am now a well man. I hope every one troubled with heart disease will try Dr. Miles' remedies. If they will write me personally, I will gladly give them full details of my experience." EDW. EDMONDS, P. O. Box 65, David City, Nebraska.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health.......

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee that first bottle benefits or money refunded.

Headache stopped in 20 minutes by Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. "Once cent a dose."

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists. Change.

June 15 1y sa tu th

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

—Rockingham *Rocket*: The *Rocket* sincerely regrets to learn of the death of Mrs. Julia, the esteemed widow of Rev. O. J. Brent, of the N. C. Conference which occurred on the 3d inst.

— Raleigh *Press-Visitor*: A gentleman from Wilson says the tobacco market opened there yesterday with 75,000 pounds on the floor. The outlook is that 10,000,000 pounds will be handled on the market this season.

— Washington *Gazette*: From one of the pilots at that point we learn that Hatteras Inlet is almost entirely filled up, only boats of very light draught being able to pass in and out. In view of the recent dredging of Wallace's channel, affording a splendid and safe passage over Ocracoke bar, the filling in of Hatteras Inlet is not to be regretted, only in so far as it affects the Hatteras pilots. This latter inlet with its tortuous channel, its ever shifting and treacherous sands and storm swept waters has always been a menace to the lives of crews and safety of vessels forced to seek an outlet through its dangerous pass.

— Chatham *Record*: One significant feature of the Populist primaries, held in this county last Saturday, was the absence of so many of the colored leaders who attended the Populist meetings in 1894. At this place they were conspicuously absent, and now state that they are full blooded Republicans. —— A mule belonging to Mr. Walter Clark, of Oakland township, was killed one day last week by a very strange accident. Mr. Clark was riding the mule with a loaded gun on his shoulder, when by some means the barrel of the gun broke loose from the breech and fell to the ground, and the tube striking a rock caused the load to shoot off into the mule's body, killing it almost instantly.

— Columbus *News*: It is with sincere regret that we learn of the death of Mr. W. A. Blue which occurred at Clarkton last Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. At 11 o'clock Sunday morning he was taken with something like brain fever and died at about 3 o'clock. He was about 40 years of age. —— Mrs. Betsy Flynn died at her home near Hallsboro between two o'clock and day yesterday morning. She had been suffering from heart disease for some time. —— Mr. Joe Buie, a young man about 30 years of age, fell into a bin of hot rosin at Rosindale a few days ago, and was burned to his knees and elbows. He is in a very critical condition, and is not expected to live. —— We learn of the death of Mr. English Rice, which occurred at his home in Hub last Friday night, after a short illness with typhoid fever. He was a native of Robeson county, but for a number of years has been doing a merchandise business at Hub.

The Reputation of Gorham Silver

is an important element to be considered in choosing

PRIZES FOR SPORTING TOURNAMENTS

Added to the sterling quality and artistic merit of the innumerable designs intended for this purpose, it constitutes them the most desirable Trophies that can be offered. All first-class jewelers have them.

Too good for Dry Goods Stores—Jewelers only.

APPOINTMENTS WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

W. S. Rone, Presiding Elder.

Carver's Creek circuit, Hebron, August 8.

Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville, August 9, 10.

Waccamaw circuit, Lebanon, August 10.

Elizabeth circuit, Purdie's, August 15, 16.

Magnolia circuit, Trinity, August 22, 23.

Bladen circuit, Bethel, August 29, 30.

Clinton circuit, Kendall's, September 5, 6.

Mission, Haw Branch, September 12, 13.

Onslow circuit, Swansboro, September 19, 20.

Disease attacks the weak and debilitated. Keep yourself healthy and strong by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. †

It Was His Memory.

Poor, patient Ned had been kept in again and again to learn a very simple stanza that had been easily mastered by all the rest of his class. Finally he broke down and sobbed out: 'I can't do it, Miss Gray; I just can't do it. Father says it's because I have such a poor"—

"A poor what, Ned?"

"You know what it is," a glimmer of light flickering in the dear, dull little face, "the thing you forget with."

Such is memory, alas, to the most of us!—Philadelphia Times.

The Wrong End of the Stick.

This expression means, as Professor Skeat rightly remarks, to be in an unpleasant position, but not quite as he puts it. There is a handle to every stick, and there is also the point, that goes into mud, or "muck," as they say in the north. A man who gets hold of the wrong end of the stick, therefore, catches hold of the dirty part, and his hands are soiled for his pains.—Notes and Queries.

The largest and oldest chain bridge in the world is said to be that at Kingtung, in China, where it forms a perfect road from the top of one mountain to the top of another.

Clearchus, the Spartan, laid down as one of the maxims of war the statement that a soldier ought to fear his own general more than he did the whole hostile army.

Near Modena, in Italy, the petroleum gatherers dig a hole in the ground, and it is speedily filled with the oil.

IN THE DEEP SEA.

Robert Louis Stevenson Tells of the Forms of Life Found There.

The letters written from Samoa by Robert Louis Stevenson to his ward are printed in St. Nicholas. Following is an extract from one:

I read the other day something that I thought would interest so great a sea bather as yourself. You know that the fishes that we see and catch go only a certain way down into the sea. Below a certain depth there is no life at all. The water is as empty as the air is above a certain height. Even the shells of dead fishes that come down there are crushed into nothing by the huge weight of the water. Lower still, in the places where the sea is profoundly deep, it appears that life begins again. People fish up in dredging buckets loose rags and tatters of creatures that hang together all right down there with the great weight holding them in one, but come all to pieces as they are hauled up. Just what they look like, just what they do or feed upon, we shall never find out—only that we have some flimsy fellow creatures down in the very bottom of the deep seas and cannot get them up except in tatters.

It must be pretty dark where they live, and there are no plants or weeds, and no fish come down there, or drowned sailors either, from the upper parts, because these are all mashed to pieces by the great weight long before they get so far, or else come to a place where perhaps they float. But I dare say a cannon sometimes comes careering solemnly down, and circling about like a dead leaf or thistle down, and then the ragged fellows go and play about the cannon and tell themselves all kinds of stories about the fish higher up and their iron houses, and perhaps go inside and sleep, and perhaps dream of it all like their betters.

Of course you know a cannon down there would be quite light. Even in shallow water, where men go down with a diving dress, they grow so light that they have to hang weights about their necks, and have their boots loaded with 20 pounds of lead—as I know to my sorrow. And with all this, and the helmet, which is heavy enough of itself to any one up here in the thin air, they are carried about like gossamers, and have to take every kind of care not to be upset and stood upon their heads. I went down once in the dress and speak from experience. But if we could get down for a moment near where the fishes are we should be in a tight place. Suppose the water not to crush us (which it would), we should pitch about in every kind of direction. Every step we took would carry us as far as if we had seven league boots, and we should keep flying head over heels, and top over bottom, like the liveliest clowns in the world.

OLD GLORY'S PERPETUAL YOUTH.

The Flag at the Capitol Is Often Repaired, but Never Renewed.

It is a question which no one can answer, What becomes of the flags which fly session after session over the two houses of congress? The life of a flag exposed at such a height to the tattering winds naturally cannot be long. Every now and then, after a storm, a great rent is seen in Old Glory as it proclaims from the housetop that our statesmen are deliberating. Sometimes the edges only are frayed. Sometimes a stripe is gone, or perhaps half the stars may be torn away. Then in a day or two it flies again with all its stripes and its stars, as if it had never suffered by the storm.

I asked what became of the old flags. Nobody knew.

What do you do with them?

Nothing.

They are the same flags—that is, there are no new ones. The old flags are simply mended. There is a patriotic poem in this. Old Glory has a perpetual life—that is, the Old Glory that presides over the capitol. When a stripe blows away, a new one is put in its place, and the same old flag is pulled to the head of the staff. If it is the blue field and stars that are gone, they are reproduced. If only a rent, it is darned; if a hole, it is patched. Then another stripe goes, and a new one is added. So on the old portions are blown away, the newer standing until the new becomes the old in turn and tears away, and in endless revolution the old flag lives on. It is always the same flag, but from year to year its entire texture is changed, and the small bits are blown away by the winds, and other small bits take their place. There is no graveyard for Old Glory. It has perpetual life. No one can tell when the flag which floats over the senate was bought. It is still a perfect flag, but no part of what was first drawn to the masthead is now in existence.—Washington Star.

"Old Maids' Children."

Theoretical yokes, halters and highways are admirable, but "facts are stubborn things" and will not be harnessed or driven. "If the theory does not accord with the facts, the worse for the facts," is the universal position of theorists, however untenable it may be. The fault is not in the theory, but in those who attempt to put it into practice. The statement that "old maids' children are perfect" is intended as a slur upon the old maids, whose theoretical children have been theoretically trained, but in truth it is a reflection upon ourselves in the fact that our irrepressible and fractious flesh and blood children are not as sweet and lovely and amenable to control as are the offspring of the virgin's gentle thought. How beautifully and amiably have these latter developed under careful training, but what little unmanageable colts and cubs have we produced!—Dr. Mary Wood-Allen in Womankind.

An Out of Sorts Recipe.

This is what the mother of the bishop of Huntington did to cure herself of being "out of sorts" when she was 59 years old, as shown by an extract from her diary: "Took physic and consulted the family physician, all to no purpose; suspected the disorder to be nervous; tacked about, put on great resolution and made mince pies and found myself no worse than before."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Her Awakening.

Mamma—And so he complained of your biscuits, did he? Well, I wouldn't mind. You will soon learn to make better ones, and then you will please him.

New Wife—But it is not that, mamma. I don't mind his finding fault with my cooking. But to think that love, which I supposed was a sentiment of the heart, is only an affair of the stomach!—Boston Transcript.

A Good Word For Tobacco.

A nobleman that was extreamly fat was reduc'd to an ordinary Size by chewing Tobacco, which also does good in an Asthma. 'Tis of great use in Camps, where there is many times Scarcity of Vituals and Cholicks and the like.—"Compleat Herbal," 1654.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It sooths the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred. Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. for large bottle. At R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

Mothers

Anxiously watch declining health of their daughters. So many are cut off by consumption in early years that there is real cause for anxiety. In the early stages, when not beyond the reach of medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla will restore the quality and quantity of the blood and thus give good health. Read the following letter:

"It is but just to write about my daughter Cora, aged 19. She was completely run down, declining, had that tired feeling, and friends said she would not live over three months. She had a bad

Cough

and nothing seemed to do her any good. I happened to read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and had her give it a trial. From the very first dose she began to get better. After taking a few bottles she was completely cured and her health has been the best ever since." MRS. ADDIE PECK, 12 Railroad Place, Amsterdam, N. Y.

"I will say that my mother has not stated my case in as strong words as I would have done. Hood's Sarsaparilla has truly cured me and I am now well." CORA PECK, Amsterdam, N. Y.

Be sure to get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable and beneficial. 25c.

"Out of sight"

LYON & CO'S PICK LEAF EXTRA SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

The Ideal Panacea.

James L. Francis, Alderman, Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, to the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgus, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 50 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. Trial bottles free at R. R. Bellamy's drug store. †

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute		@	6
Standard		@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ lb	12	@	14
Sides ℔ lb	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ lb	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ lb		@	4¼
Shoulders ℔ lb		@	4⅞
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ lb	23	@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ lb	15	@	
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	40	@	42½
Virginia Meal	40	@	42½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	
CANDLES—℔ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE—℔ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ lb—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	14	@	18
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	9	@	8
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	3 25
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 00
Choice	3 25	@	3 25
Straight	4 1[illegible]	@	4 50
First Patent	4 45	@	4 47
GLUE—℔ lb—	7½	@	
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			45
Corn, from store, bags—White,	45	@	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	42½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	40
Oats, from store	30	@	32½
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	40
Cow Peas	40	@	
HIDES, ℔ lb—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 05
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	2	@	2¼
LARD, ℔ lb—			
Northern	5	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME ℔ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	22
" " " in bbls		@	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	29
" in bbls		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" " in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup in bbls	13	@	
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 60d basis	2 35	@	2 45
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	8 00
Rump		@	7 50
Prime		@	7 50
ROPE, ℔ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	65
On 125 lb Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Granu'd		@	4⅝
Standard A		@	4½
White Ex C		@	4⅜
Extra C, Golden	4	@	4¼
C Yellow		@	3
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3¼	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ lb	5	@	
WHISKEY ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL, ℔ lb—Washed	12	@	14
Unwashed	9	@	10

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, August 7.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 21¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 20¾ cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 32½ per bbl for Strained and $1 37½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 00 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Quiet. Hard 1.20, Yellow Dip 1.55, Virgin 1.65 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 25@24½c; rosin, strained, $1 20; good strained $1 25; tar $1 35; crude turpentine $1 20, 1 70, 2 00.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	152
Rosin	404
Tar	44
Crude Turpentine	18

Receipts same day last year—281 casks spirits turpentine, 680 bbls rosin, 79 bbls tar, 32 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7¼c for middling.

Same day last year, middling 6⅝c.

Receipts—2 bales; same day last year, 0.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 45@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 9 to 10c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 7½c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2 50 to 3 50; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For week ended Aug. 7, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
2	628	2,123	140	174

RECEIPTS.

For week ended Aug. 9, 1895.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
7	1,576	4,490	974	398

EXPORTS.

For week ended Aug. 7, 1896.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic..	689	615	13	139	278
Foreign ...	000	000	00	000	000
	689	615	13	139	278

EXPORTS.

For week ended Aug. 9, 1895.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic..	103	667	312	1,064	519
Foreign ...	000	506	9,705	6	000
	103	1,173	10,017	1,070	519

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, August 7, 1896.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	3,199	31	3,230
Spirits	2,429	326	2,755
Rosin	29,162	2,100	31,262
Tar	6,545	100	6,645
Crude	357	00	357

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, August 9, 1895.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
2,662	4,366	17,437	1,290	1,023

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, August 7—Evening.—Money on call was firm at 2@7 per cent; last loan at 5, closing offered at at 5 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 6@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange was steady; actual business in bankers bills at 488@488¼ for sixty days and 489@489¼ for demand. Commercial bills quoted at 487⅜. Government bonds lower; United States coupon fours 106; United States twos 92 bid. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours —; North Carolina sixes 110. Railroad bonds were heavy.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to day was quiet.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7—Evening.—Cotton dull; middling gulf 8⅜c; middling uplands 8⅛c.

Cotton futures—market closed weak August 7 68, September 7 41, October 7 42, November 7 40, December 7 43, January 7 45, February 7 49, March 7 52, April 7 55. Sales 345,600 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 1,308 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France — bales; to the Continent —— bales; forwarded 501 bales; sales — bales; sales to spinners — bales; stock (actual) 80,272 bales.

Weekly—Net receipts 20 bales; gross 5,875 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,686 bales; to France 650 bales; to the Continent —— bales; forwarded 1,212 bales; sales 7,861 bales; sales to spinners 1,683 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 1,069 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,215 bales; to France 234 bales; to the Continent — bales; stock 144,845 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 4,509 bales; exports to Great Britain 8,928 bales; to France 650 bales; to the Continent 8,421 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 5,162,789 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,239,486 bales; exports to France 463 314 bales; exports to the Continent 1,778,964 bales.

Flour steady, quiet and unchanged; Southern flour dull and easy; common to fair extra $2 00@2 60; good to choice $2 60@2 90. Wheat—spot dull and firmer; No. 2 f. o. b. 67¼c; ungraded 58@68c; No 1 Northern 65¼c; options were fairly active and irregular, closing firm at ⅜@½c advance; No. 2 red August 62c, September 62⅜c, October 63¼c; December 64⅜c; May 67⅞c. Corn—spot fairly active and firmer; No. 2 30¼c at elevator and 31¼c afloat; options were quiet and steady at unchanged prices to ⅛c advance; August 29⅞c; September 30¼c; October 30⅝c; May —c. Oats—spot dull and firm; options dull and easier; August 22¼c; September 22c; October 22c; spot—No. 2 23¼c; No. 2 white 26; mixed Western 23@25c. Hay quiet and steady; shipping 62½@65c; good to choice 90c@1 00. Wool was steady and quiet; domestic fleece —c; pulled 15@33c. Beef quiet and steady; family $8 00@9 00; extra mess $6 00@7 00; beef hams quiet at $14 50@15 00; tierced beef steady and quiet; city extra India mess $11 00@12 00. Cut meats dull but steady; pickled bellies 4⅝c; do. shoulders 3¼@3⅝c; do. hams 9@10c. Lard was weaker and quiet; Western steam at $3 50; city $3 20; September $3 45; refined steady; Continent $4 15; South America $4 75; compound $3 87½@4 12½. Pork fairly active, steady; old mess $8 00@8 25; new $8 00@8 75. Butter was quiet and firm at quotations; State dairy 10@14½c; do. creamery 11½@15c; Western dairy 9@12c; do creamery —c; Elgins 15. Eggs were steady and quiet; State and Pennsylvania 13@13½c; Western fresh 11½@12c; do. per case $1 00@2 55. Cotton seed oil steady, quiet; crude 19@20; yellow 22½@23c. Rice steady, quiet; domestic, fair to extra 3@5⅝c; Japan 4@4½c. Molasses dull and steady; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice 27@37c. Potatoes easy and dull; Southern 60@80c; sweets 75c @$1 00. Peanuts quiet; fancy hand-picked 4@4¼. Coffee quiet and 15@30 points down; September $9 75@9 80, October $9 45; December $9 05@9 15; March $9 00@9 10, May $9 00@9 05; July $9 05; spot Rio dull and easy; No. 7, $11 50. Sugar—raw quiet and firm; fair refining 3⅛c; centrifugal, 96 test —c; refined firm, quiet and unchanged.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—Cash quotations: Flour quiet, easier, unchanged. Wheat—No 2 spring 55@56¼; No. 2 red 58⅝@59⅝c. Corn—No. 2, 23½@24½c. Oats—No. 2, 17⅛c. Mess pork, per bbl, $6 35@6 40. Lard, per 100 lbs, $3 15@3 20. Short rib sides, loose, per 100 lbs, $3 25@ 40. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, per 100 lbs, $3 75@4 00. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs, $3 75@3 87½. Whiskey $1 22.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—August 55⅝@55¼, 56⅛, 55, 55⅝c; September 56@56⅛, 56⅜, 55⅝, 56⅜; December 58⅝@59, 59¼@59⅝, 58⅝, 59¼@59⅝c. Corn—August 23⅝, 24, 23¼, 23⅝; September 24⅛, 24¼@24⅝, 24, 24¼c; May 27⅛, 28⅛, 27⅛, 27⅝@27⅞c. Oats—September 17⅝@17⅛, 17½@17⅝, 17⅛, 17⅞; May 19⅞@19⅞, 20⅛, 19⅜, 20c. Mess pork—September $6 30, 6 45, 6 30, 6 40; October $6 02½, 6 10, 6 00, 6 02½; January $7 00, 7 00, 6 85, 6 90. Lard—September $3 20, 3 22½, 3 15, 3 20; October $3 27½, 3 30, 3 22½, 3 25; January $3 55, 3 60, 3 50, 3 50. Short ribs—September $3 35, 3 35, 3 25, 3 27½; October $3 37½, 3 40, 3 32½, 3 32½; January $3 45, 3 52½, 3 45, 3 57½.

BALTIMORE, August 7.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat weak; spot and August 59⅝@60c; September 60¼@6⅝c; Steamer No. 2 red 55¼@55⅝c; Southern by sample 57@62c; do on grade 58⅝@61⅜c. Corn dull and easy; spot, August and September 29@29¼c; Southern white 29¼@30c; do yellow 30@31c. Oats firm; No. 2 white 29@30c; No. 2 mixed 24½@25c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

August 7.—Galveston, firm at 7c; net receipts 142 bales; Norfolk, steady at 7¼, net receipts 2 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8, net receipts 19 bales; Boston, quiet at 8⅛, net receipts — bales, Wilmington, firm at 7¼, net receipts 2 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 8⅜, net receipts – bales; Savannah, steady at 7⅛, new ⅛c lower, net receipts 3 bales new; New Orleans, nominal at 7⅛, net receipts 928 bales; Mobile, quiet at 7, net receipts — bales; Memphis, steady at 7⅛, net receipts 19 bales; Augusta, quiet at 7⅛, net receipts 37 bales; Charleston, firm at 7, net receipts 3 bales, 1 new.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, August 7.—12.30 P. M.—Cotton, demand moderate and prices firm: American middling 4 3 16d. Sales 8,000 bales, of which 7 800 were American; speculation and exports 500. Receipts 14 200 bales, all of which were American. Futures opened easy and demand fair. August 4 6 64, 4 7-64, 4 8 64@4 9-64d; August and September 4 4-64, 4 5 64, 4 6 64, 4 7-64@4 6-64d; September and October 4, 4 1-64@4 2-64d; October and November 3 62 64@3 63-64d; November and December 3 60 54, 3 61 64, 3 62 64@3 63-64d; December and January 3 60 64, 3 61-64@3 62-64d; January and February 3 60 64, 3 61 64, 3 62 64@3 63 64d; February and March 3 62-64, 3 63-64@4d; March and April 3 63-64@4d; April and May 4d; May and June 4 2-64@4 4 64d. American spot grades 1-16d higher. American middling fair 4 11-16d; good middling 4⅜d; middling 4¼d; low middling 4 5-32d; good ordinary 4 1-32d; ordinary 3 27 32d. Futures steady.

Tenders none.

4 P. M.—August 4 17 64d seller; August and September 4 15 64d seller; September and October 4 11-64@4 12-64d seller; October and November 4 10-64d seller; November and December 4 9 64d seller; December and January 4 8 64@4 9-64d seller; January and February 4 8-64@4 9 64d seller; February and March 4 9 64@4 10 64d seller; March and April 4 10-64@4 11-64d value; April and May 4 11-64@4 12-64d buyer; May and June 4 13 64d seller. Futures closed irregular and unsettled.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 7.—The following are the weekly cotton statistics: Total sales of the week 27,000 bales, American 21,000; trade takings, including forwarded from ships' side, 40,000; actual exports 8,000; total imports 29,000, American 28,000; total stocks 625 000; American 489,000; total afloat 24,000; American 20,000; speculators took 1,200; exporters took 1,600.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Lisbon, Black, Clear Run master.

CLEARED.

Steamer Lisbon, Black, Clear Run, master.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., August 8, 1896.

SCHOONERS.

Seth M Todd, 187 tons, Johnson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

W C Wickham, 313 tons, Edwin, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Bertha H (B), 124 tons, Le Cain, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Augusta, (Nor), — tons, Fernebo, Paterson, Downing & Co.

Madre (Ital), 447 tons, Scetto, Heide & Co.

Rosa Eliane (Fr), 550 tons, Le Croix, Heide & Co.

Emiranda, 563 tons, Duncan, to master.

You and Your Grandfather

Are removed from each other by a span of many years. He travelled in a slow going stage coach while you take the lightning express or the electric car. When he was sick he was treated by old fashioned methods and given old fashioned medicines, but you demand modern ideas in medicine as well as in every thing else. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the medicine of to-day. It is prepared by modern methods and to its preparation are brought the skill and knowledge of modern science. Hood's Sarsaparilla acts promptly upon the blood and by making pure, rich blood it cures disease and establishes good health. †

New Mullet.

2,000 Pounds New Mullet.
1,000 Bushels Virginia Meal.
9,000 Pounds Starch.
5,000 Yards New Bagging.
7,000 Yds nice pieced Bagging.
1,000 Bundles Ties.
8,000 Pounds Soap.
1,100 Gross Matches.
3,000 Pounds Snuff.

We appreciate your trade.

W. B. COOPER.

jy 31 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Frank H Stedman. Jas. S. Worth

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

Telephone 162. jan 25 tf

SANTAL-MIDY

Arrests discharges from the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours.

It is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.

SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small Capsules, which bear the name in black letters, without which none are genuine.

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M.D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER

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AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

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"THE TRIUMPH OF LOVE

IS HAPPY, FRUITFUL MARRIAGE."

Every Man Who Would Know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the New Discoveries of Medical Science as Applied to Married Life, Who Would Atone for Past Errors and Avoid Future Pitfalls, Should Secure the Wonderful Little Book Called "Complete Manhood, and How to Attain It."

Here at last is information from a high medical source that must work wonders with this generation of men."

The book fully describes a method by which to attain full vigor and manly power.

A method by which to end all unnatural drains on the system.

CUPID AND PSYCHE

To cure nervousness, lack of self-control, despondency, &c.

To exchange a jaded and worn nature for one of brightness, buoyancy and power.

To cure forever effects of excesses, overwork, worry, &c.

To give full strength, development and tone to every portion and organ of the body.

Age no barrier. Failure impossible. Two thousand references.

The book is purely medical and scientific, useless to curiosity seekers, invaluable to men only who need it.

A despairing man, who had applied to us, soon after wrote:

"Well, I tell you that first day is one I'll never forget. I just bubbled with joy. I wanted to hug everybody and tell them my old self had died yesterday, and my new self was born to-day. Why didn't you tell me when I first wrote that I would find it this way?"

And another thus:

"If you dumped a cart load of gold at my feet it would not bring such gladness into my life as your method has done."

Write to the ERIE MEDICAL COMPANY, Buffalo, N. Y., and ask for the little book called "COMPLETE MANHOOD." Refer to this paper, and the company promises to send the book, in sealed envelope, without any marks, and entirely free, until it is well introduced.

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The Morning Star.

THE DIFFERENCE.

Beauty lies within ourselves,
After all, they say.
And be sure the happy heart
Makes the happy day.

In a cool and shady garden
Phyllis sat. The roses' scent
Passed a face whereon were written
Restlessness and discontent.
Lilies nodded, bluebells tinkled,
Birds sang sweetly in the trees;
Merry talk and joyous laughter
Sounded on the summer breeze.
"Oh," sighed Phyllis, "I am stifling."
And she raised her pretty head.
"I am sure 'tis going to shower—
What a horrid day!" she said.

In a ward, find dusty city
Janey, pinched and wan and white,
Leaned against a heated building,
Longing for the cool of night.
Suddenly she spied a flower—
Pale and slender, at her feet.
"Oh," she cried, and stooped to pinch it.
Looking up in rapture sweet
Through the crowded house tops, Janey
Caught a glimpse of blue o'erhead,
And she kissed the little posy—
"What a lovely day!" she said.

Beauty lies within ourselves,
After all, they say.
And the glad and happy heart
Makes the happy day.
—Gertrude M. Canon in St. Nicholas.

Slipshod Coleridge.

Coleridge never recognized his own fluidity of character. He inveighed against himself with a sort of ecstasy of disgust at one moment and uttered the most lofty aspirations the next in a mood of almost transcendental rapture. He was always in that flaccid state which Tennyson has so well expressed in delineating the bohemianism of his earlier life. In one of Coleridge's letters during the cavalry episode he says: "I rode a horse as young and undisciplined as myself. After tumult and agitation of any kind the mind and all its affections seem to doze for awhile, and we sit shivering with chilly feverishness, wrapt up in the ragged and threadbare cloak of mere animal enjoyment." That might be taken as the motto of his whole shiftless career.

Coleridge began early that undisciplined career by slipping off even the academical restraints which were the most useful and might have been the most effectual for him. Then he returned and "dozed for awhile" in the university without turning his studies to any advantage. Then he embarked in various friendships, from which he slipped away at least as often as he returned to them. His mind was full of gentle and tender dispositions, but he never had enough of will to be to others the friend that those others were to him. Even as a man of literature no one could trust him. He was as much accustomed to slip out of his engagements as to slip into them. He did not even know what he himself had done as distinguished from what he had only intended to do. He was slipshod in work, slipshod as a husband and father, slipshod as a friend, slipshod as a poet—and with all his great genius left a name "to point a moral and adorn a tale."—London Spectator.

ASSORTING METAL MONEY.

Odd Specimens That Are In the National Treasury.

"Immense quantities of subsidiary and minor coins are continually flowing in to us," said a treasury official recently, "to be exchanged for notes. The coins, which we receive from all over the country, are assorted into 'fit' and 'unfit.' The latter we do not send out again for circulation. At the same time the standard of fitness is somewhat variable. If the appropriation for the mints has run short and we have no big quantity of new coins to draw on, we are obliged to pass pieces which would otherwise be withdrawn and transferred to the melting pot. At all times we pick out for rejection all coins that are mutilated in any manner. This applies even to pieces which have paper stuck on them. Within the last three or four years the practice of pasting advertisements on one side of silver dollars has been popular with merchants, particularly in the west. The paste employed is of so excellent a quality that to remove the 'stickers,' as they are called, is next to impossible. Soaking in warm water has no effect on them. Of course we have not time to devote to such a task, and so we just throw them out.

"The ingenuity exercised by people in the defacement of the coins of the realm is really remarkable. Shopkeepers will stamp their firm names upon silver dollars with steel dies. The advertisement is excellently conceived, but the value of the coin is destroyed except as bullion. Many persons make a practice of cutting coins with a knife, to make sure that they are good. The test may prove them all right, but it renders the coin unredeemable. Other persons scratch the pieces with sharp instruments—for what purpose I am unable to say. The result, however, is the same. We return all mutilated and counterfeit coins to the depositor. In every case the depositor is requested to send them back to the treasury. If he fails to do so, no more are returned to him out of subsequent consignments. Counterfeit coins we mark in such a way that it is hardly possible to use them again. They are cut half through from one edge. As for mutilated pieces, the owners can dispose of them only by selling them for such metal. The mints will buy mutilated coins in quantities like any other bullion."—Washington Star.

The Eye of the East.

It is only the races which have come from the deserts that possess in the eye the power of fascination over every one—for all women can fascinate some one. Their eyes retain no doubt something of the infinite their race has contemplated. Did nature, with her foresight, furnish their retinas with some reflector to enable them to bear the dazzle of the sand, the floods of sunlight, the hot cobalt of the ether? Do human beings take, like other creations, something from the centuries on which they develop and do they keep through centuries and erase that which they have taken?—Miss Wormeley's Translation of Balzac's "Lucien de Rubempre."

An Appropriate Name.

"What! You are going to have your little daughter christened Glycerin? How absurd!"

"To be sure, I am! You see, if the child turns out to be a sweet and gentle creature, the name will suit her to a T, but if she happens to be rather short tempered—like her mother, for instance—then we can make a slight alteration and call her Nitroglycerin."—Noticiero Bilbaino.

The word topaz comes from the Greek verb signifying to guess. The jewel was brought from the east and reported to have come from an island, and men guessed at the location of the isle which produced such beautiful gems.

It is the misfortune of kings that they scarcely ever do the things they have a mind to do, and through surprise and the insinuations of flatterers they often do the mischief they never intended.—Fenelon.

HALLE'S ANCIENT CAKE DANCE.

A Ceremony That Has Been Performed by Salt Workers For Centuries.

Halle, the little German saltmaking city whose inhabitants are supposed to be descended from an early race of different blood from the modern Germans, has a curious fete of its own, which has been celebrated annually for many centuries. On that day the masters and the saltmakers, clad in red mantles, follow to church the cake of the feast, borne aloft by a youth accompanied by his sweetheart. After the religious rites follow a banquet and a dance to the music of instruments specially devoted to the purpose.

The fete originated in an incident that took place so long ago that the very date has been lost. A mill belonging to the commune was burned, and the family of the miller was saved by the salt workers. When the mill was rebuilt, the commune voted to the salt boilers in perpetuity an annual cake of 100 pounds to be blessed, carried in procession and then eaten solemnly to the music of drums and fifes.

The ceremony had been going on thus for generations when in 1876 there was a new fire in the city which destroyed the city hall, but spared the salt works and the dwellings. Then the pious commune adopted a resolution thanking God for what he had spared and declaring that thereafter the cake bearer and the salt masters and their men should make the procession clad not in black as formerly, but in tunics of ardent red, with plumes of the same color in their caps. The date of the fete was also changed from St. Peter's and St. Paul's day to St. John's day, the longest day in the year. Since 1876 this order has been faithfully observed. The cut of the tunic has varied somewhat with the fashion prevailing, but the style of Louis XV predominates. Thus appear the carrier of the cake and his sweetheart, and thus is clad the halberdier. After the banquet the men and maidens of honor, being those who in years before have carried the cake, decorate with red poppies the crowd that presses in the public square. Then, in the midst of a spot protected by barriers, the men and maids of honor execute not a cake walk, but a cake dance, a grave function in which one must neither speak nor smile. The dance is not complicated, but the music is of a special character, and this gives the whole a peculiar distinction. In the evening there is a dance of a gayer character at an inn. The waltz here begins really at 4 o'clock in the afternoon and is continued until dawn. The red habits are put away at the end of the fete, not to be brought out again for a year. They descend from father to son and are preserved with the utmost care.—New York Sun.

Bicycles of the Past.

Archæologists will be interested to know that the first record of a bicycle is that of a stained glass window in the church of Stoke Pogis, near Windsor, in England. It was this churchyard, by the way, which inspired Gray to write his ever famous "Elegy." The rider of the cycle in the picture on the window, which is dated 1642, would be mistaken for Pan with his pipe were it elsewhere than in a Christian church, where pagan deities are not made at home. But history is silent as to the use of any such vehicle at that time. One hundred and twenty years or so later there was exhibited before the French court a manumotive carriage of several hundred pounds weight, but the bicycle can scarcely have grown from that. It was much nearer our own time that the first genuine bicycle was invented. It was quite the fashion to ride such a vehicle in England in 1819. The new invention was variously called the "dandy horse," the "hobby horso" and the "velocipede." There are many allusions to it in the records of the day, and in a letter from John Keats in February, 1819, to his brother in America, I find this mention of it:

"The nothing of the day is a machine called the velocipede. It is a wheel carriage to ride cock horse upon, sitting astride and pushing it along with the toes, a rudder wheel in hand. They will go seven miles an hour. A handsome gelding will come to 8 guineas. However, they will soon be cheaper, unless the army takes to them."—Lippincott's.

Inspired.

"Eloquence is speaking out—out of the abundance of the heart, the only source from which truth can flow in a passionate, persuasive torrent." This remark of Julius Hare is illustrated by a story told of the eloquent Methodist bishop, the late Dr. Simpson:

Bishop Simpson preached some years ago in the Memorial hall, London. For half an hour he spoke quietly, without gesticulation or uplifting of his voice. Then, ploturing the Son of God bearing our sins in his own body on the tree, he stooped as if laden with an immeasurable burden, and rising to his full height he seemed to throw it from him, crying:

"How far? As far as the east is from the west, so far hath he removed our transgressions from us."

The whole assembly, as if moved by an irresistible impulse, rose, remained standing for a second or two, then sank back into their seats.

A professor of elocution was there. A friend who observed him and knew that he had come to criticise asked him when the service was over, "Well, what do you think of the bishop's elocution?"

"Elocution?" said he. "That man does not want elocution. He's got the Holy Ghost!"—Youth's Companion.

The Home of the Satans.

The greatest natural wonder in Java, if not in the entire world, is the justly celebrated "Gheko Kamdka Gumko," or "Home of the Hot Devils," known to the world as the "Island of Fire." This geological singularity is really a lake of boiling mud situated at about the center of the plains of Grobogana and is called an island because the great emerald sea of vegetation which surrounds it gives it that appearance. The "island" is about two miles in circumference and is situated at a distance of almost exactly 50 miles from Solo. Near the center of this geological freak immense columns of soft, hot mud may be seen continually rising and falling like great timbers thrust through the boiling substratum by giant hands and then again quickly withdrawn. Besides the phenomenon of the boiling mud columns there are scores of gigantic bubbles of hot slime that fill up like huge balloons and keep up a series of constant explosions, the intensity of the detonations varying with the size of the bubble. In times past, so the Javanese authorities say, there was a tall, spirelike column of baked mud on the west edge of the lake which constantly belched a pure stream of cold water, but this has long been obliterated, and everything is now a seething mass of bubbling mud and slime, a marvel to the visitors who come from great distances to see it.—London Public Opinion.

Hunting the Found.

There are queer ways of making a living in New York. One Sunday a man advertised that he had found a wallet with a large sum of money in it and gave street and number where he could be addressed. Thirty-five men called, and 15 others wrote him letters. The losers stated the sum at all the way from $4,000 to $25,000, and most of them gave the denominations of the bills. He was promised all the way from $1,000 to $7,000 to restore the lost wallet, but there being none to restore he couldn't do it. No person advertises a "found" that he doesn't receive calls from at least a dozen people who seem to make a business of trying to get possession of lost articles belonging to others. They must be successful sometimes, or they would not keep it up.—Detroit Free Press.

In Japan.

One day while mending the roof of his house a Japanese lost his balance, and falling to the ground broke a rib. A friend of his went hurriedly for a hakim (doctor).

"Hakim, have you ever fallen from a roof and broken a rib?" was the first question the patient asked the doctor.

"Thank heaven, no," replied the hakim.

"Then go away at once, please," cried Chodja. "I want a doctor who has fallen from a roof and knows what it is!"—Exchange.

It is said to be a bad habit for a man to put his hands into his pockets, but there is one habit that is much worse—namely, to put his hands into some one else's pockets.

The Indian population are not skillful in any line of manufacture, save their own crude industries.

THE MAELSTROM.

How It Feels to Be on the Edge of the Great Whirlpool.

Off the coast of Norway, between two islands of the Lofoden group, is the largest whirlpool in the world. Its name, Maelstrom, means "whirling stream," and the title is well earned.

The great Maelstrom is no longer held in superstitious fear, and maritime charts have taught the sailors of the world where the danger lies and how to avoid it, so that accidents rarely occur—never, except through ignorance or a previous disaster that has rendered a vessel unmanageable.

Several years ago the captain of a sailing vessel, desirous of seeing the famous whirlpool at close quarters, was assured by his Norwegian pilot that he might venture near enough for examination without danger. And here is what the captain saw:

"I went on the main topsail yard with a good glass. I had been seated but a few minutes when my ship entered the dish of the whirlpool. The velocity of the water altered her course three points toward the center. This alarmed me extremely for a moment. I thought destruction was inevitable. But she answered her helm nobly, and we ran along the edge, the waters foaming round us in every form.

"The sensations I experienced are difficult to describe. Imagine an immense circle running round of a diameter of one and a half miles, the velocity increasing as it approximated the center and gradually changing its dark blue color to white, foaming, tumbling, rushing to its vortex, very much concave—as much so as the water in a funnel when half run out. The noise, too, hissing, roaring, dashing, all pressing on the mind at once, presented the most awful, grand and solemn sight I ever beheld. We were near it about 18 minutes and in sight of it two hours. It is evidently a subterranean passage. From its magnitude I should not doubt that instant destruction would be the fate of a dozen of our largest ships were they drawn in at the same moment. The pilot says that several vessels that had become unmanageable have been sucked down, and that whales have also been destroyed."

Where does it go, this wonderful whirl? None can say—as yet. There is a theory, generally accredited, that the Maelstrom is subterraneously connected with the gulf of Bothnia. It is only a theory so far, but the time is probably close at hand when positive knowledge may take its place.—London Answers.

What the Horns Sounded.

There was always plenty of tongue, and men loved the "gallant chiding" which so enraptured Shakespeare. Last of all, after endless doubles and beating of the water and all the thousand stratagems of the hunted deer, the pursuers by slotting and relaying, but mainly by honest hunting, run up to their stag, and he turns to bay. And then comes such a hullabaloo of horns and halloos and baying of hounds as never was heard—all of it prolonged to the utmost, that every hound and every sportsman may come up before the dealing of the death stroke. And then the horns changed their note and blew the hart, which etiquette forbade to be blown till that supreme moment, and therewith followed elaborate ceremonies for cleaning the deer and preparing for the worry, or, as it was called, quarry (curee).

Finally the master and the gentlemen next in rank to him held up the deer's head above the hounds' portion and "skillfully loud" the master cried out, "Dedow" (ead ho!), which was the signal for blooding the hounds and for a fresh outburst of noise. "Hallo every wight and every man blow the death" is the order in the book, and they kept on halloing and blowing, for it was the rule that as often as any man began to blow the rest should bear him fellowship. Then came a fresh blast for the coupling of the hounds, with a pause of an "Ave Maria while" between the notes, yet another blast when the hounds went home and a final concert led by the master on arriving at the hall. Thus the whole countryside knew when their lord had killed his deer and rejoiced accordingly.—Macmillan's Magazine.

Cardinal Mezzofanti's Memory.

Cardinal Mezzofanti had a memory little short of miraculous. Dr. Russell, his biographer, says that the cardinal spoke with the greatest ease 30 languages; that he spoke fairly well 9; that he used occasionally, but not with any fluency, 11 more; that he spoke imperfectly 8, and that he could read 11 more. Taking in addition the number of dialects he used, some so diverse from the mother tongue as to constitute a different language, Dr. Russell says that the cardinal was master of no less than 111 different languages and dialects.

His German was so excellent that he was taken for a native of Germany, while his French and English were equally pure. Dr. Tholuck heard him converse in German, Arabic, Spanish, Flemish, English, Latin, Greek, Swedish and Portuguese, at one of the pope's receptions, and afterward Mezzofanti gave him a poem in Persian and left him to take a lesson in Cornish. He knew several of the American Indian languages and nearly all the dialects of India.

In spite of all these attainments, however, he was a very dull man, and himself said that he had 20 words for one idea. He was remarkable only for the number of languages he knew, but was not distinguished as a grammarian, a lexicographer, a philosopher, a philologist or ethnologist, and added nothing to any department of the study of language.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

An Imperfect Gold Coin.

Superintendent Beach of the street cleaning department some time since found a $5 gold coin on a curbstone, and it proved to be a curiosity, worth as much as two ordinary $5 pieces, on account of its having been "miss struck"—that is, it had not been placed squarely in the die, and the milling on one side was some distance from the edge, while on the other side there was none. On mentioning the fact to an employee in the San Francisco mint he was told that the coin was a counterfeit, and that it was practically impossible that a coin so disfigured could have been issued from any government mint. When the coin was produced, the mint employee, after putting it to all sorts of tests, had to admit that it was a genuine coin, struck at the Philadelphia mint, where every coin passes through the hands of four persons who examine it for defects, and he said he would not have believed it possible for such a coin to escape them had he not seen it.—Portland Oregonian.

Declining Our Pronouns.

In a collection of the possessions of the late Robert Louis Stevenson there is a letter showing the difficulties which even such a master of English as he experienced in writing our language. "When I invent a language," he writes, "there shall be a direct and indirect pronoun differently declined, and then writing will be some fun." This idea he illustrates as follows:

Direct—He, him, his.
Indirect—Tu, tum, tus.

He adds in exemplification, "He seized tum by tus throat, but tu at the same moment caught him by his hair." A fellow would write hurricanes with an inflection like that.—Boston Herald.

At the Restaurant.

Guest—Why don't you smash those dishes?

Waitress—They fine us for smashing dishes here.

Guest—Well, if I run the place, I'd fine you for not smashing them.—Detroit Free Press.

His Only Chance.

Goslin—I think I'll take a wife, doncherknow, Miss Flypp.

Miss Flypp—If you want to get married, that will be your proper plan. I don't suppose that any woman would ever take you.—Detroit Free Press.

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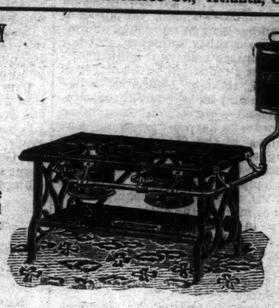

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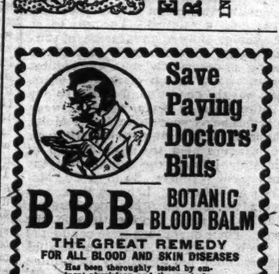

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GOING EAST.		GOING WEST.
3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.	STATIONS.	4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.
Arrive / Leave		Arrive / Leave
P. M. / P. M.		A. M. / A. M.
..... / 3 20	Goldsboro	11 25 / .....
4 13 / 4 18	Kinston	10 33 / .....
5 15 / 5 25	Newbern	9 17 / 9 30
6 37 / 6 42	Morehead City	8 01 / 8 17
P. M. / P. M.		A. M. / A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.25 a. m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

ma 27 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Manhood Restored.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT

THE ORIGINAL. ALL OTHERS IMITATIONS.

Is sold under positive Written Guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Dizziness, Wakefulness, Fits, Hysteria, Quickness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium, or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. At store or by mail, $1 a box; six for $5; with written guarantee to cure or refund money.

BEFORE

Red Label Special Extra Strength. For Impotency, Loss of Power, Lost Manhood, Sterility or Barrenness, $1 a box; six for $5, with written guarantee to cure in 30 days. At store or by mail.

AFTER

By R. BELLAMY & Co., Druggist, Sole Agents, Wilmington, N. C.

my 9 D&W 1y

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
*2	16		17	19
A M	P M		P M	P M
7 00	2 00	Lv...Wilmington...Ar	12 40	6 30
9 50	4 50	Lv...Mulberry street...Ar	10 40	4 30
11 00	6 10	Lv...Surry street...Ar	9 30	3 20
11 00	6 50	Ar...Jacksonville...Lv	9 00	2 50
11 00	6 50	Lv... " ...Ar	10 45	10 45
11 55	6 50	Lv...Maysville...Lv	10 00	9 18
12 20	7 44	Lv...Pollocksville...Lv	9 30	8 18
1 30	8 30	Ar...Newbern...Lv	9 00	8 00
P M	P M		A M	P M

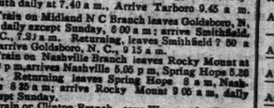
Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 2 and 19 make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort. Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
†Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
‡Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager.

my 22 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT June 30, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.05 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.29 a m, Warsaw 11.06 a m, Goldsboro 11.01 a m, Wilson 12.32 p m, Rocky Mount 1.35 p m, Tarboro 2.40 p m, Weldon 3.32 p m, Petersburg 5.20 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.58 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 6.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.33 p m, †Tarboro 7.05 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 p m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.40 a m, Petersburg 2.33 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.33 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.33 p m, Boston 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.05 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.08 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.05 a m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.00 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.30 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.57 a m, Magnolia 8.10 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.55 a m, Columbia 5.45 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 3.30 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 7.10 a m, Florence 8.50 a m, Marion 9.31 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.56 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.35 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7.45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 3.00 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Parmele 5.50 a m and 3.40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9.50 a m and 6.20 p m, arrives Washington 11.25 a m and 7.10 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.33 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 3.00 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 7.30 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8.30 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m and 11.30 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.05 a m, arrive Latta 9.34 a m, Dillon 9.56 a m, Rowland 9.53 a m. Returning leaves Rowland 6.05 p m, arrives Dillon 6.26 p m, Latta 6.37 p m, Pee Dee 6.58 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 12.15 p m, leave Conway 2.30 p m, Chadbourn 5.30 p m, arrive Hub 6.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.40 a m and 9.20 a m, arrive Darlington 9.30 and 9.50 a m, leave Darlington 9.40 a m, arrive Cheraw 11.59 a m. Wadesboro 1.30 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 2 p m, Cheraw 4.40 p m, Darlington 7.48 a m and 6.05 p m, arrive Florence 9.15 a m and 6.50 p m. Daily except Sunday. Sunday trains leave Florence 9.30 a m, Darlington 10.43 a m, arrive Florence 8.10 a m. Returning leave Florence 9 a m, Darlington 9.37 a m, arrive Flo

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 8, 1896

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Declined, But Recovered, and Closed Unchanged—September Corn and Oats Closed Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, August 7.—A panicky condition of the New York stock market found reflection in the Board of Trade business this morning. Wheat softened and declined, a general feeling of discouragement and uneasiness taking possession of the market and exhibiting itself in a loss at one time of almost a cent, but on the report that a considerable amount of cash wheat variously estimated from 20,000 to 40,000 bushels had been worked for Eastern shipment, a buying movement of some importance developed and a full recovery was the result. September wheat opened at 56⅛ to 56c, sold between 55⅝ and 56⅜c, closed at 56⅜c—unchanged from yesterday. Cash wheat sold at 1c decline, but rallied, and closed nominally unchanged from yesterday.

Corn—Opening prices were weak and lower early, but recovered when the leading cereal altered its course. September corn opened at 24⅛c; sold between 24@24⅛c, closing at 24⅛c—⅛c under yesterday. Cash corn was fairly steady and quiet.

Oats—About the same conditions were present in the oat market as in wheat and corn. September oats closed a shade under yesterday. Cash oats were ⅛c lower for old and ⅛@⅜c lower for new.

Provisions—The general feeling of insecurity surrounding the grain and stock markets was at work in provisions. Holders were uneasy and unwilling to sell, whilst even shorts displayed little disposition to buy. The hog market was 10@15c lower, which was another argument for depreciation. The later recovery in wheat brought about a like action in product, pork recovering fully, but lard and ribs only slightly.

A CRANK SHOT.

Tried to Rob a Bank Teller of Five Thousand Dollars,

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA, August 7.—W. L. Chamberlain, a crank, came into the bank of the Southern Savings and Trust Company at noon to-day and presented a paper to the teller, who was alone in the bank. The paper was a demand for silence and immediate delivery of five thousand dollars, with a threat to throw acid in the teller's face if he did not comply, having the acid in a glass. The teller, Mr. Archie Hubbard, covered the crank with a revolver, and the two men grappled. Securing the opportunity Hubbard fired, hitting his opponent in the abdomen. Chamberlain will probably die.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

NEW YORK, August 7.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending this date:

	1896	1895
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week...	4,509	2,033
Total receipts to this date	5,162,789	7,909 671
Exports for the week	12,999	12,798
Total exports to this date	4,481,764	6,621,797
Stock in all United States ports	144,345	320,145
Stock at all interior towns	72,215	35 836
Stock in Liverpool	625 000	1,366,000
American afloat for Great Britain	20,000	21,000

THE TRUCK MARKET.

New York Prices for Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Huckleberries, Maryland and Delaware, quart 3 to 5c; pears, Southern, fancy, barrel, $1.50 to $3 00; watermelons, car-loads, $125 to 255; do per hundred $10 00 to 12 50; muskmelons, basket, 75c to $1 00; do barrel, 50c to $2 50; peaches, Maryland and Delaware, crate, 40 to 75c; do basket, 20 to 75c; do carrier, 50c to $1.50; onions, Eastern Shore, basket, 50 to 60c; do barrel, $1.00 to 1.25; potatoes, 60 to 80c; do sweet, 75c to $1.25.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Spirits turpentine dull but steady at 24@24½c. Rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1 60.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 7.—Spirits turpentine firm at 20½@21½; sales—casks Rosin firm; sales—barrels: B, C, $1 25, D, E $1 30, F $1 35, G $1 40, H $1 45, I $1 50, K $1 55, M $1 60, N $1 65, W G $1 70, W W $1 80.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 7.—Spirits turpentine opened firm at 22½c, with sales of 1000 casks, and closed at 22½c, with sales of 1,050 casks; to-day's receipts 1,086 casks.

Since April 1—Receipts 174,307 casks against 156 388 for the same period last year; exports 140,124 casks against 129,656 last year; stock 39 502 casks against 29,158 last year.

Rosin firm, with sales of 3 000 barrels; receipts 3,843 barrels; A, B, C, D $1 37½, E F $1 40, G $1 45, H $1 52½, I $1 57½, K $1 62½, M $1 67½, N $1 75, W G $1 85; W W $2 00.

Since April 1—Receipts 415,482 barrels against 394,772 last year; exports 410,377 barrels against 369,376 last year; stock 140,083 barrels against 114 676 last year.

John I. Adams & Co., large wholesale liquor dealers, grocers and commission merchants of New Orleans, are embarrassed and have asked for a respite. They have $32,000 in cash tied up in the American National Bank, which failed Thursday. It is said the firm have abundant assets and the embarrassment is only temporary.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., New York.

GOLD CONFERENCE.

A LONESOME AFFAIR TO SOME OF THE DELEGATES.

None of the Leaders of the Democratic Gold Wing Present—Call For a Convention Issued to Meet at Indianapolis September Second.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 7.—Two lively thunder storms during the night had the effect of cooling off the sweltering atmosphere and the delegates to the gold conference were able to make themselves comfortably cool this morning. But sudden change of the weather was not the chief topic of conversation about the Bates and Denison Hotels, where the delegates are stopping. As one of them expressed it, "this is a sort of lonesome affair," but ex-Congressman Bynum, the leading spirit in the movement, still assure all inquisitors that at least thirty States will be represented. It is also noticeable and much commented upon that not one of the big leaders of the Democratic gold wing is present, and to be frank, there is a strong under-current of disappointment as a result. The Indiana silver leaders are poking fun at the gold delegates because of the refusal, inability or whatever it may be, of Louis Ehrich, the prominent sound money leader, to be present. The silverites claim to have positive information to the effect that he is not ill, and that he would have stepped into the same boat with Senator Hill, Whitney and others, and taken a seat reserved for "spectators." Mr. Bynum has no other information than that given in the dispatches from Colorado Springs. Mr. Ehrich's failure to attend has spoiled much of the proposed programme.

As the time for the conference, 2 o'clock this afternoon, approached, it seemed more and more certain that the delegates would urge against the calling of a convention and the nomination of a gold ticket, and that they would press their arguments upon the conferees. A lack of time and the apparent indifference of the Eastern gold leaders will be seized upon to that end, and while it is reasonably certain that a convention will be decided upon, the programme will not go through without opposition.

The report sent out that Senator Hill has made up his mind to support the Chicago ticket, whether true or not, was generally discussed by the delegates to-day. As to the truth of the report, there were varying opinions.

Mr. McCormick, of Williamsport, a member of the Pennsylvania delegation, gave it as his opinion, that the report is true. Further, he said, "My delegation and those from Massachusetts and Maryland held a sort of information conference on the train on the way to your city. While there seems to be an impression that the matter of nominating a third ticket will be hurtful to the doubtful States, as Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin and Indiana, yet I think it can be truly said that such a ticket will be nominated. We, of Pennsylvania, a State which is sure to be carried for McKinley, do not feel that we should demand a third ticket. From the conversation which I have heard from delegates from doubtful States, there seems to be no question but that a National Convention will be called and a platform adopted and a ticket nominated."

"Are the Democrats of your State in favor of a third ticket?"

"I cannot say that they are. No, I could not even guess at the strength in Pennsylvania. The strength of the movement all over the country is purely conjecture; but I am of the notion that the vote that can be polled for a sound money ticket will surprise some people."

The delegate from Maryland, J. E. Semms, also says that the sound money Democrats of his State are not in favor of a third ticket. They will, however, endorse the action of the sound money convention, and most of them will vote for a sound money ticket. The tendency of the sound money Democrats from Maryland, he says, is to stand solidly by the Republican ticket.

Massachusetts favors a third ticket.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 7.—The conference of the sound money Democrats fully met the expectations of its promoters. There were thirty-three States represented, and about two hundred Democrats from all over the country were in attendance. Though the most famous politicians of the party were absent, this fact did not dampen the order or determination of those present to go ahead and put in the field a ticket and platform that would represent what they believed to be the real tenents of the Democratic party.

Before the conference at noon ended, all opposition to the calling of another convention was withdrawn, and it was agreed that General John M. Palmer, of Illinois, should be made permanent chairman of the Provisional Committee. Talks among the delegates exhibited much confidence in the success of the sound money movement.

The action of the committee was harmonious and was quickly taken. The afternoon session lasted but an hour, but it was determined to call a convention and chose Indianapolis as the place. At the evening session the formal call for the convention was adopted and the date fixed at September the second.

AFFAIRS IN CUBA.

The Embargo on Exportation of Leaf Tobacco—Spaniards' Reports of Engagements With Insurgent Forces.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, August 7.—The cigar manufacturers here continue to oppose the exportation of the Remedios leaf tobacco, which was not included in Captain General Weyler's recent decrees against the exportation of tobacco. General Fitzhugh Lee, the American Consul General, has entered an energetic protest against the delay occasioned by the authorities in the despatching of one thousand bales of tobacco belonging to an American firm. This tobacco has been awaiting shipment since April.

Capt. Rabaden reports having a two hours' fight with 1,500 rebels under Betancourt. The insurgents were entrenched on the Refugio estate, province of Matanzas, and desperately defended their position. They were finally dislodged and compelled to retreat. They left nineteen dead on the field and carried away many wounded. The Spanish loss was one lieutenant killed and six privates wounded.

It is officially reported that the rebel leader Chango Rivero and thirteen of his followers were killed in a recent engagement near Melones, in the Manzanillo district

The Havana police have captured two men whom they claim were the authors of the recent dynamite explosion at the Captain General's palace.

SENATOR HILL.

Will Not Preside at the Bryan-Sewall Notification Meeting in New York.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ALBANY, N. Y., August 7.—Senator Hill arrived at his home in this city this afternoon, where he expects to remain for the next ten days. It can be authoritatively stated that he will not preside at the Bryan and Sewall notification meeting at Madison Square Garden on Wednesday next, and that all statements appearing in the public prints that Senator Hill is about to declare for the Bryan ticket or against it, are without foundation. He has made no expression of his views or policy since he left Chicago and is not likely to do so until the approaching State Convention, to be held September 16th.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

THE CHICAGO COLLAPSE AFFECTS MONETARY CONDITIONS.

A Favorable Feature in the Increase of Exports and Decrease of Imports—Labor More Disturbed Than Usual—Volume of Domestic Trade Smaller Than Last Year.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 7.—R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of trade, say: The sensational collapse of speculators at Chicago who controlled Diamond Match and New York Biscuit stocks and had hoisted them to fancy figures, with the consequent closing of the Chicago Stock Exchange for a period yet indefinite, though followed by remarkably few failures, brings a sudden change in monetary conditions throughout the country. At least a month earlier than had been expected Chicago has drawn heavily upon its bank balances here and withdrawals of all other Western funds may naturally result. Europe was also moved to sell American stocks rather freely, so that the average of most active railroad stocks fell about $1.88.

It is important that the increase of merchandise exports, $800,000, or 12 per cent. over last year for the week and the decrease of imports, $700,000, or 7.7 per cent. still continues to limit the sum payable abroad.

The situation as to cotton is doubtless critical for many producers. Extremely hot and dry weather has done serious harm, but it must, indeed, be an extraordinary condition that reduces the yield 20 per cent. in August. Men of much knowledge and experience but a few days ago judged a yield of 10,000,000 bales probable, and if they were 1,000,000 bales too high, still those who now predict only 7,000,000 bales are likely to err in the opposite direction. With large acreage it is always safe to remember that only a part of the crop is ever affected by misfortunes between August 1st and frost. The price rose almost beyond precedent ⅜c on Wednesday alone, and the alarm will at least be of service to planters in giving them better prices whether buyers realize profits or not.

Labor is more disturbed than usual. The great strike of garment workers here has much extended; the strike at Cleveland has broken out again, and involves several other branches of labor the iron furnace men of the Shenango valley resist a reduction to the wages of May, 1895, though Mahoning valley workers do not; the iron works throughout the country are striving to cut down cost in order to keep in operation. The iron mines of the Gogebic range are stopping, the suspension of cotton mills has become more general, and over four million spindles are said to be idle at Fall River alone, and probably three-eighths or more of the entire producing capacity in the country; the rubber works have mostly stopped, and notwithstanding the light weight opening in a number of woollen mills, evidently the working force and also wages have been reduced.

The iron markets grow less demoralized in tone, because all the associations decided to maintain prices for this month, but the markets are not stronger in volume of orders or purchases.

The volume of domestic business reflected by exchanges was 7.7 per cent. smaller than last year for the first week of August, and 9.3 per cent. smaller than in 1892. The early crop movement and the speculative collapse at Chicago caused both commercial and speculative loans here to be much restricted.

Failures in July, classified by branches of business, show larger liabilities in the lumber than in any of the other manufacturing class, while in trading the dry goods liabilities lead. Failures for the week have been 240 in the United States against 225 last year, and 32 in Canada against 43 last year.

Bradstreet says: Comparatively favorable reports concerning the general trade are more numerous than in preceding weeks. Pittburg jobbers report a slight increase in the volume of trade, but at Baltimore there is a marked improvement, with jobbers receiving orders freely.

The favorable condition of the Texas cotton crop continues to help jobbers at Galveston. Notwithstanding unfavorable reports as to the cotton in Louisiana, expected payments of sugar bounties next week, and favorable reports as to the Louisiana sugar crop tend to stimulate trade at New Orleans. Both Savannah and Augusta report a fair volume of business, with improvement in some lines, although collections are slow.

STEAMER LAURADA

Sailed Again With Men and Arms on a Filibustering Expedition.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, DEL., August 7.—The steamship Laurada, said to have been sold to the Cubans by the Hart Steamship Company, came up to the mouth of the Christiana Creek yesterday. Deputy Collector of the port Ayers inspected the steamship after she had been entered as in ballast and gave her clearance papers for Port Antonio, Jamaica. She sailed away immediately afterwards and passed out to sea.

It is reported that after leaving the mouth of the Christiana the Laurada was met by the tug Martha, from which it is said she took twenty-eight men and and a large number of cases, many of which, it is believed, contained dynamite. The Laurada had eight large surf boats in addition to her usual complement of seaboats.

WASHINGTON, August 7.—The Treasury Department to-day sent telegrams to the several collectors of ports in Southern Florida, and to the captains of the revenue cutters in those waters, instructing them to keep a lookout for the steamer Laurada, which cleared from Wilmington, Del., yesterday, and which is supposed to be on a filibustering expedition to Cuba. The Spanish Minister here filed the information on which the department acted.

CHARLESTON SENSATION.

President and Ex-President of the German-American Bank Arrested on Warrants Sworn Out by Stockholders.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., August 7.—A. Bequest and J. F. Lilienthal, president and ex-president of the German-American Bank, which went under in this city a month ago, were arrested to-day on warrants sworn out by stockholders. Both men had borrowed large sums of money from the bank. They were directors, and had overdrawn their accounts. Bequest is charged with breach of trust in having used bonds in the custody of the bank. The arrests have created a sensation in the city and it is said that the men will retaliate by having all of the other directors of the bank arrested on similar charges. Both Bequest and Lilienthal are prominent men, the latter being an alderman of the city.

Nine freight cars were ditched at Leighton, on the Keekok and Des Moines branch of the Rock Island Railroad, yesterday morning. Three men were killed and three others wounded.

INSIST UPON HOOD'S Sarsaparilla when you need a medicine to purify your blood, strengthen your nerves and give you an appetite. There can be no substitute for Hood's.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, prevent constipation. 25c.

TEXAS POPULISTS.

A Sensation in the State Convention—Caused by Message Prepared to be Sent to Populistic Gatherings in Other States.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

GALVESTON, TEX., Aug. 7.—The sensation of the Populist State Convention was sprung this morning when the committee appointed to formulate telegrams in answer to messages of greeting from other Populist Conventions reported. The committee was composed of Barnett Gibbs, who made the speech nominating Kearby; "Stump" Ashby, nominee for Lieutenant Governor, and Harry Tracy, editor of the *Southern Mercury*. The telegrams they brought in for the approval of the convention were:

Replying to the Louisiana Convention: "Texas provides a full electoral ticket and declares for Watson; then Bryan."

Replying to the Kansas Convention: "Texas returns greetings. Will put a middle-of-the-road in the field."

Replying to the Georgia Convention: "Texas unanimously indorses Tom Watson and a middle-of-the-road ticket."

The telegrams were received with cheers.

C. H. Jenkins, chairman of the platform committee, addressed the convention, opposing sending of the telegrams, saying they would be firebrands which would result in the defeat of Populism. He said he was a middle-of-the-road man at St. Louis, but bowed to the will of that convention. Bryan had not been officially notified of his nomination, and if this action should be taken, Populists could truthfully be accused of insincerity in their desire for reform.

It looked as if Jenkins had the convention with him, but when the point of order was made that nominations were the order of business the convention refused by a big majority to suspend the rules and allow him to continue his speech. The matter will not come up again until the nominations are completed.

Major "Buck" Walton, nominee for Attorney General, states for publication that if the telegrams are sent he cannot go before the people and will not accept of the nomination.

Ben Terrell, another prominent leader, says if the telegrams are sent he will not make a speech during the campaign.

Sergeant-at-Arms Williams says the telegrams will be sent just the same. Populist success, he says, does not depend upon any one man.

The morning session of the convention was taken up in trying to complete the State ticket. As far as the ticket has been made up, it stands: For Governor, Jerome C. Kearby; for Lieutenant Governor, H. S. P. Ashby; for Attorney General, William Walton; for Comptroller, E. O Mitzener.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

Net Receipts of Cotton at the Ports—New York Sun's Review of the Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—The following are the net receipts at the port since September 1st, 1896: Galveston, 928,384 bales; New Orleans, 1,760,722; Mobile, 205,951; Savannah, 754 659, Charleston, 280,305; Wilmington, 171,123; Norfolk, 338,752; Baltimore, 44,228; New York, 98,459; Boston, 154,275; Newport News, 15,472; Philadelphia, 45,104; West Point, 143,639; Brunswick, 74 340; Port Royal, 75,754; Pensacola, 17,608; Texas City, 54,019. Totals, 162,789 bales.

The *Sun* says: Cotton opened eight to fifteen points higher, but lost the improvement and declined twenty-five to thirty-two points, closing weak with sales of 845,660 bales.

To-day's features: If cotton declined to-day it was not because reports of damage to the crops were lacking; in fact, they were very much in evidence, so much so indeed that they caused a sharp rise at the opening. The reports were just as bad as ever. The official weather report showed that the total precipitation in the entire cotton belt for twenty-four hours was only .96 of an inch. At Little Rock the maximum temperature was 104 degrees yesterday, and at Memphis 102. But it was a day of liquidation. The early advance was soon effaced and prices broke sharply. It was only natural that operators should want to realize the handsome emoluments accruing from a week's speculation maket with sharp upward fluctuations. Bears hammered and stopped orders were caught on the way down, accelerating the decline.

NEW YORK, August 7.—The cotton market to-day presented another scene of tumult, the boom of the past two days being continued. The prices at the opening showed an average of thirteen points in advance of yesterday's closing prices, which were the highest known in the cotton market in years. Such was the condition of affairs to-day that the lines of demarcation between bulls and bears were obliterated. Mohr, Hanneman & Co., who are invariably on the bear side, held the upward jump of prices by joining the bull contingent temporarily. Inman, Swan & Co., McIntyre & Wardwell, Lehman Bros. and Hentz Co. and the other big operators had two or more representives on the floor. Their operations were conducted in such a manner that the smaller dealers could not definitely determine whether they were combining to advance prices generally or making purchases individually. The selling went on right merrily from the start for half an hour after the opening of the market, and then there was a slump which sent the shorts to cover, but from which the market rallied rapidly. The total sales up to 11 o'clock aggregated nearly 150,000 bales.

BASE BALL.

Result of Games Played Yesterday at Various Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Montgomery—Montgomery, 16; New Orleans, 0.

Boston—Washington, 4; Boston, 3.

Cleveland—Cleveland, 8; Pittsburg, 8

Baltimore — Baltimore, 16; New York, 1.

Brooklyn — Brooklyn-Philadelphia — rain.

Richmond—Richmond, 11; Petersburg, 1.

Norfolk—Norfolk, 11; Portsmouth, 1.

Lynchburg — Lynchburg, 16; Roanoke, 6.

	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Baltimore	60	27	.690
Cincinnati	63	29	.685
Cleveland	57	31	.648
Chicago	54	40	.574
Pittsburg	49	40	.551
Boston	48	40	.545
Brooklyn	41	47	.466
Philadelphia	39	49	.448
New York	36	53	.404
Washington	35	61	.318
St. Louis	28	61	.318
Louisville	22	65	.255

The boiler of Layman's canning factory, at Troutville, twelve miles north of Roanoke, Va., exploded yesterday afternoon, instantly killing two employes and wounding several others.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

FUSION IN GEORGIA.

A Populist-Prohibition Candidate for Governor Nominated—Will Fuse With Democrats on the Electoral Ticket if Sewall is Withdrawn.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., August 7.—Seaborn Augustus Wright was nominated for Governor by the Populists this morning. He was nominated by acclamation. No other name was put up. The triumph of Wright was a victory for the Populist-Prohibition fusionists, and he will make the race on the issue of prohibition. The defeat of the middle-of-the-roaders, who opposed extreme declaration in favor of prohibition, and who were opposed to going outside of the party for a candidate, was complete. Mr. Wright has been an independent in politics. He is a successful lawyer of Rome, and is comparatively wealthy. He is 36 years of age, and is a magnetic and brilliant orator. He is an ardent Prohibitionist and will make the anti-bar room plank the uppermost issue of the campaign. The negro delegates voted solidly for Wright, and C. H. Walton, a negro leader of Augusta, pledged the support of sixty per cent. of the negroes of Georgia to Wright. He predicted that the all-white electoral vote of the Republicans would drive the negro Republicans to the Populist ranks. Mr. Wright was brought before the convention and made a stirring speech. The State ticket was completed without contests. Little interest was taken in the naming of the other candidates. The Comptroller, Gen. Seaborn J. Bell, of Burke, was named; for Commissioner of Agriculture, W. E. Smith, of Decatur, for Treasurer, W. C. Sibley, of Richmond; for Attorney General, Donald Clarke, of Chatham. The nomination of Sibley further emphasized the victory of the fusionists. He is a leading Prohibitionist, but not a Populist, and his wife is at the head of the W. C. T. U. in Georgia. The platform adopted by the convention declared for prohibition and endorses the action of the St. Louis Convention.

The nomination of Wright was peculiarly the expression of the wishes of Thomas E. Watson.

The speech of Wright stirred the convention to greater depths than even the words of Watson. He stung the Democrats of the State with his keen tongue. He denounced the Democratic office-holders in the State, and urged a straight fight against them. He proved himself to be an orator of no mean ability, and he promised to stump the State during the campaign.

W. C. Sibley made his first appearance in a Populist convention. His two brothers, both prominent Populists, were appointed a committee to introduce him to the convention.

The Populist Convention then adopted resolutions authorizing the State Committee to negotiate with the Democrats for fusion on the electoral ticket whenever the Democrats withdraw Sewall, but not before.

The platform is brief. It endorses the St. Louis platform, condemns bar-rooms and declares against the sale of liquor as a beverage; demands that the lease system be abolished and that the convict be employed by the State in some way which shall not compete with free labor.

BRYAN CAMPAIGNING.

Greeted With Enthusiasm Everywhere—A Ten Minutes' Speech to a Large Audience at Des Moines.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DES MOINES, IA., August 7.—William Jennings Bryan ended up seven hours of campaigning through Nebraska and Iowa at Des Moines to-night. His reception here was a fitting climax to the enthusiasm with which he had been greeted at a number of other places in this State. The weather was sweltering during all of the journey. The crowds at stations along the route of the Rock Island road, however, did not seem to mind the heat, and gave vent to their enthusiasm without regard to the height of the temperature. It was 9.30 o'clock when the train on which Mr. Bryan was a passenger, pulled into the station here. Attached to the regular number of coaches were four special cars containing a large contingent of free silver men from Des Moines, Democrats, Populists and bolting Republicans, composing the advance guard of free enthusiasts from this city who joined Mr. Bryan at Stuart, fifty miles west.

More than a thousand people were gathered at the railway station and they sweltered and perspired without seeming to mind it in their efforts to catch a glimpse of the nominee. Carriages were in waiting and these conveyed Mr. and Mrs. Bryan and the members of the local reception committee to the tabernacle, the largest hall in the city. So great was the crowd in the streets that the political clubs that had assembled at the station to escort Mr. Bryan to the tabernacle could not form in line and were obliged to proceed as best they could to the scene of the demonstration. To make progress, Mr. Bryan had to pacify the people by a few remarks. There was a blockade most of the way and several times the Bryan enthusiasts held up Mr. Bryan's carriage and tried to get a speech from him. The crush in front of the tabernacle was tremendous. So solid were the masses of people packed that the carriages containing the Democratic candidate's party could not make any progress. The holding up process was repeated and this time Mr. Bryan was obliged to again yield to the demand of the crowd. He made a ten minutes' speech and was wildly cheered. The multitude was satisfied and allowed him to pass into the big tabernacle.

The seating capacity of the tabernacle is 4,500. To-night, not only was every chair occupied by the aisles and all available space was crowded with perspiring but enthusiastic human beings. Those who formed the multitude outside had been unable to gain admission. When Mr. Bryan, escorted by Governor Boies, appeared on the platform there was a wild demonstration closely approaching that in the collism in Chicago when Mr. Bryan closed the debate on the platform. When the tumult was finally quelled, Gov. Boies introduced his successful young opponent and Mr. Bryan made a ten minutes speech. He was frequently interrupted by cheers, and when he concluded another outburst.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Populist central committee of Arkansas has decided to put out Bryan and Watson electors.

The Treasury gold reserve at the close of business yesterday stood at $108 518,984. The day's withdrawals were $480,400.

It is not at all likely that the Chicago Stock Exchange will reopen its doors for many days yet to come. The Moore Bros. are not hastening matters.

The battleship Massachusetts arrived at Hampton Roads yesterday. She will coal at Newport News and prepare for her final acceptance trial by the Inspection Board next week.

To Cleanse the System

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, awaken the kidneys and liver to a healty activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds, or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

Syrup of Figs

Gladness ... es

With a better under... transient nature of the m...y p... leal ills, which vanish before prop... efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a ... ted condition of the system, wh... family laxative, Syrup ... ly removes. That is ... remedy with millions ... everywhere esteemed so ... all who value good health. ... effects are due to the fa... the one remedy which pro... cleanliness without ... the organs on which it act... before all important, ... beneficial effects, ... purchase, that ... article, which is ... California Fig Syrup ... old by all reputable druggists.

If ... health, and ... laxatives or other ... needed. If afflicted ... disease, one may ... commended to ... most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs ... highest and is most largely used ... most general satisfaction.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Photographs—A poor Photograph is one of the poorest things in the world. Remember I guarantee you first class Photos at reasonable rates. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. aug 2 tf

Do you speculate? "Guide to Successful Speculation" mailed free. Wheat, provision, cotton and stock speculation on limited margins thoroughly explained. Correspondence solicited. Warren, Ford & Co., 11 Wall Street, New York. my 17 1y su tu th

Wanted—Your property on my list, if it is for sale. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public, 125 Princess street. ('Phone 256.) jy 12 tf

Wanted—A number of good people to call and see my fine line of Groceries. Watermelons and Cantalopes received fresh from the farm every day. Chas. D. Jacobs, 217½ North Front street. jy 11 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c31

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c31

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GEN. SCOTT SHIPP, Superintendent.

jy 15 19t tu th sa

William and Mary College

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Board from $12 to $15 per month, tuition fee for half session, $17.50; medical fee, $3. Students willing to teach two years in the public schools pay only the medical fee and are charged $10 per month for board, fuel, lights and washing. Full Collegiate course, Next session begins October 1st, 1895. Send for catalogue

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Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1 00; afternoon, $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

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WILMINGTON TO MOUNT AIRY, OVER the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway, leaving Wilmington, Tuesday, August 18th; returning, leave Mount Airy, Friday, August 21. Three whole days in the Mountains. Rate cheaper than ever before—$2.50 for the round trip—just think of it. Nearly 500 miles Be sure you do not miss it. You may not have another chance. For particulars see hand bill, or call on

J. W. THORBURN, Manager.

au 2 3t sun

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Successors to Katz & Polvogt,

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Mid Summer Clearance Sale.

We propose to make this sale the greatest event of our history. Every dollar's worth of surplus stock has been marked down so as to reduce our stock in a few weeks. We have bargains in our store all the time, but none such as we propose to have during this sale.

Silks, Dress Goods, Men and Ladies' Underwear, Wash Goods, Shirt Waists, &c., &c.

For particulars read our Hand Bill. Respectfully,

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

Sole Agent for Butterick Patterns and W. B. Corsets. jy 26 tf

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Of Ours It will be Worth Your While to Come In Some Time and See Us!

And look over our large department store. Customers that trade with us regularly know we have the best and largest selection of Dry Goods of every style of any house in the city. We handle no one thing as a specialty. We make leaders of everything in our house, selling every article at the least possible price, and having only one price and that price the same to all.

We have received this week samples of large Crayon and Water Colored Portraits, 16 by 20 inches, that we have made from any photograph you may wish, free of cost to you. We furnish you with a card to spend $10.00 in cash money in our store. We have the Portrait enlarged for you free. Come and look at the work and get a card. We do this as an advertisement only, not as a money-making scheme.

Received by express this week:

10 pieces of White Organdie, 33 inches wide, at 12½c per yard.

8 pieces all wool Challie, 24 inches wide, at 10c.

23 pieces of White Taffeta Ribbon, all very pretty, from 15 to 35c per yard.

10 dozen new Sailor Hats, from 10, 15, 25 to 50c. Our big line of fine Sailors, worth $1.25, now reduced to 75c each, made of fine Miland Straw with silk band and leather sweat-band.

A big drive of Pearl Buttons, all styles, from 5c to $1.50 a dozen. The best selection in the city.

By freight: 15 roles of fine, heavy Matting, beautiful goods, at 12½ and 15c; cotton warp, seamless, at 20, 22½ and 25c per yard.

Hemp Carpet, from 15 to 20c per yard, very good.

Large Cotton Towels, 44 by 22 inches, for 10c; Turkish Bath Towels for 5 and 10c; the best Linen, extra large, with knoted fringe, at 25c.

Large Doylies, 1 dozen in a bolt for $1.00, 15 by 15 inches.

A very nice line of Pocketknives for children, with fancy handles, at 5c; better at 10c; four-blade Knives with buckhorn handle at 25c; pearl handle at 25c.

Fine Razors at 75c, $1.00, 1.25 each.

Dress Goods daily received.

You will find us at 112 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

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Special Clearance Sale BY JOHNSON & FORE.

Commencing Monday, the 20th Inst.,

WE OFFER SOME UNHEARD OF BARGAINS.

Your Choice of Ladies' Shirt Waists at 75 cts, Former Price $1.25 to 1.75.

Twenty Pieces 36-inch Percale at 6c Per Yrd.

Lawns at 10c Per Yard, Former Price 15 and 20 cts.

A Few Linens at 30c, Worth 50 and 60 cts.

All Millinery Goods for less than Cost.

Don't Miss the Sale,

JOHNSON & FORE,

Agents Dr. Jaeger's Sanitary Underwear. jy 19 tf

"Make Hay While The Sun Shines."

And if You Wish to Make It Economically, Buy THE "CHAMPION" MOWER.

This Machine, with one pair of Horses or Mules and a driver, will cut

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WILL CUT ANY KIND OF GRASS.

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jy 15 tf SOLE AGENT, WILMINGTON, N. C.

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

At the close of Business July 14th, 1896, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.		
Loans		$492,601 75	Capital		$125,000 00
Overdrafts		None	Surplus	$15,000 00	
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)		41,250 00	Undivided profits	$17,767 01—	56,767 01
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000 00	Circulation		37 120 00
Redemption Fund		1,856 00	Total Deposits		493,800 95
Due from Reserve Agent	$54,777 21				
Due from other Banks	48,866 98				
Cash on hand	63,336 02—	166,980 21			
Total		$712,687 96	Total		$712,687 96

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J. W. Norwood, D. L. Gore, S. P. McNair, Sam'l Bear, Jr., W. E. Springer, C. W. Worth, E. J. Powers, H. L. Vollers, W. C. Coker, Jr., J. L. Coker, Hartsville, S. C., G. A. Norwood, Greenvile, S. C

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jy 23 tf

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